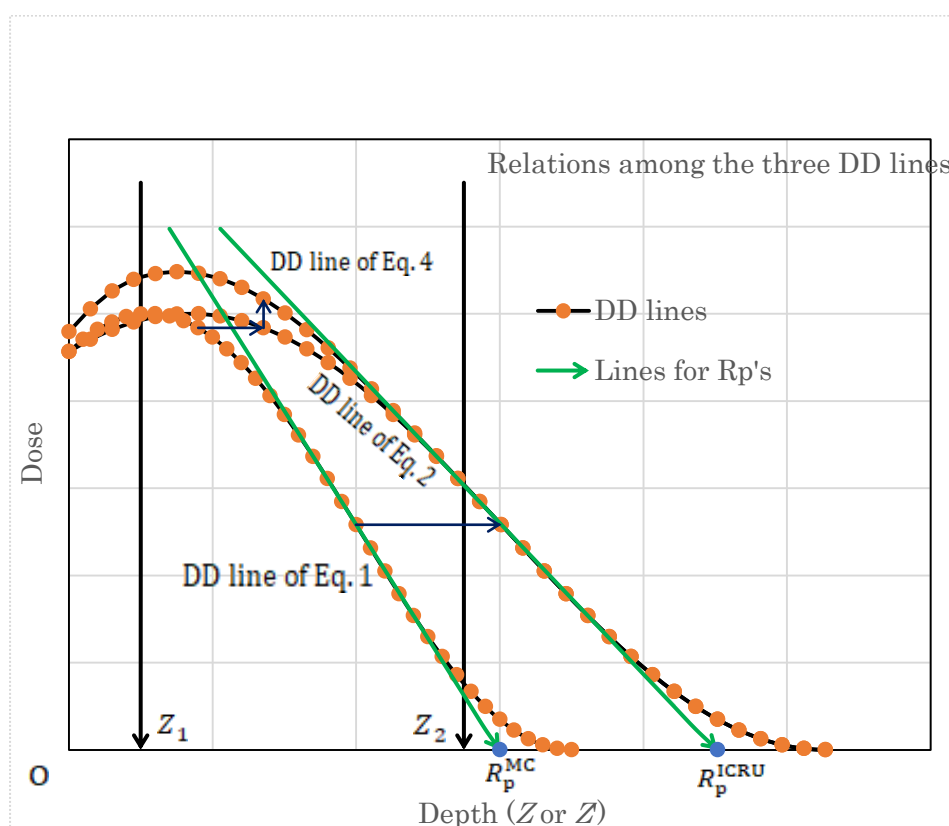


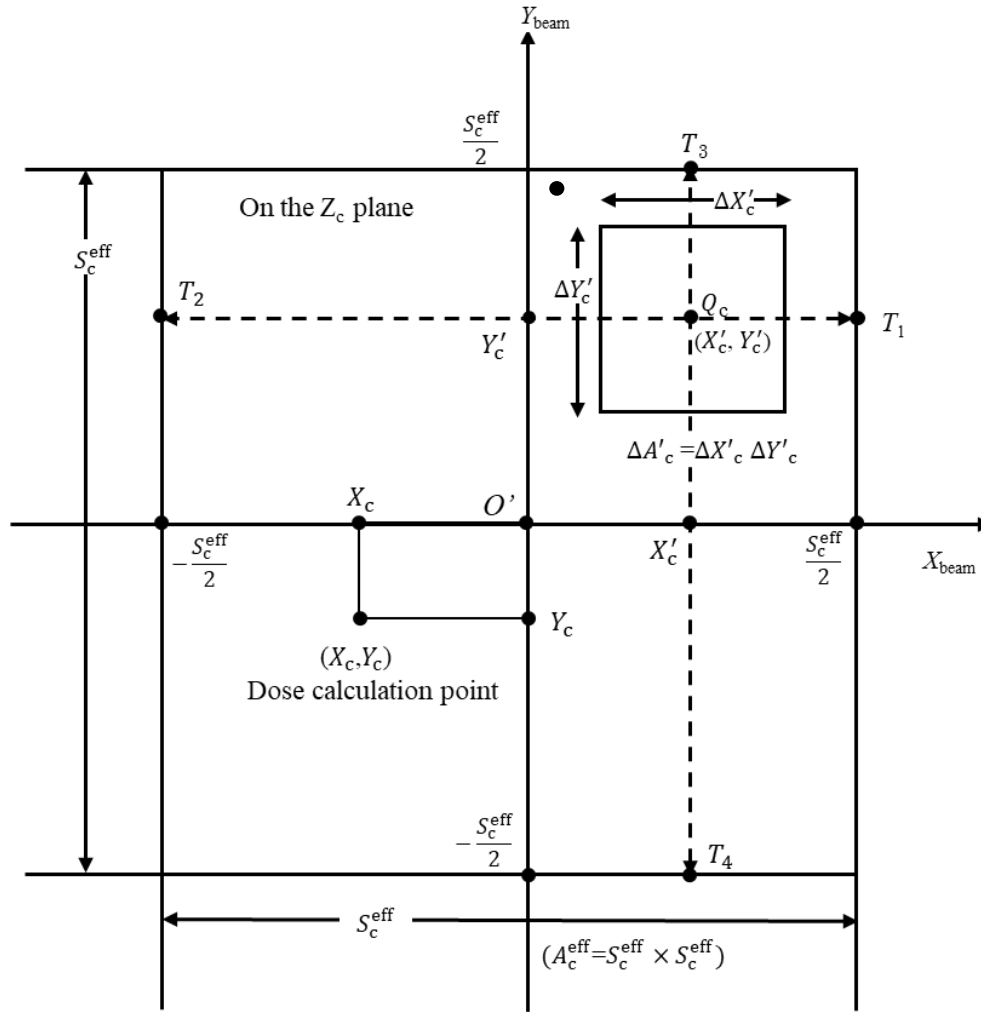
A revised Gaussian pencil beam model for calculation of the in-water dose caused by clinical electron-beam irradiation

Akira Iwasaki, Shingo Terashima, Shigenobu Kimura, Kohji Sutoh, Kazuo Kamimura, Yoichiro Hosokawa, Masanori Miyazawa, and Tatsuo Tabata

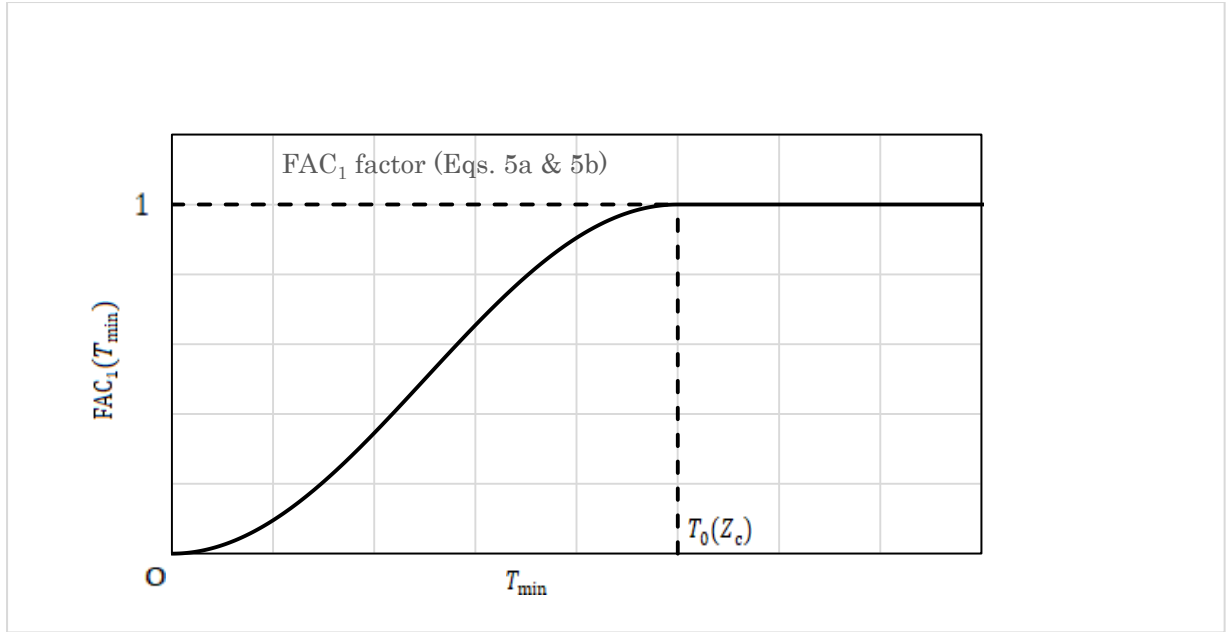
<http://dx.doi.org/10.14312/2399-8172.2022-1>



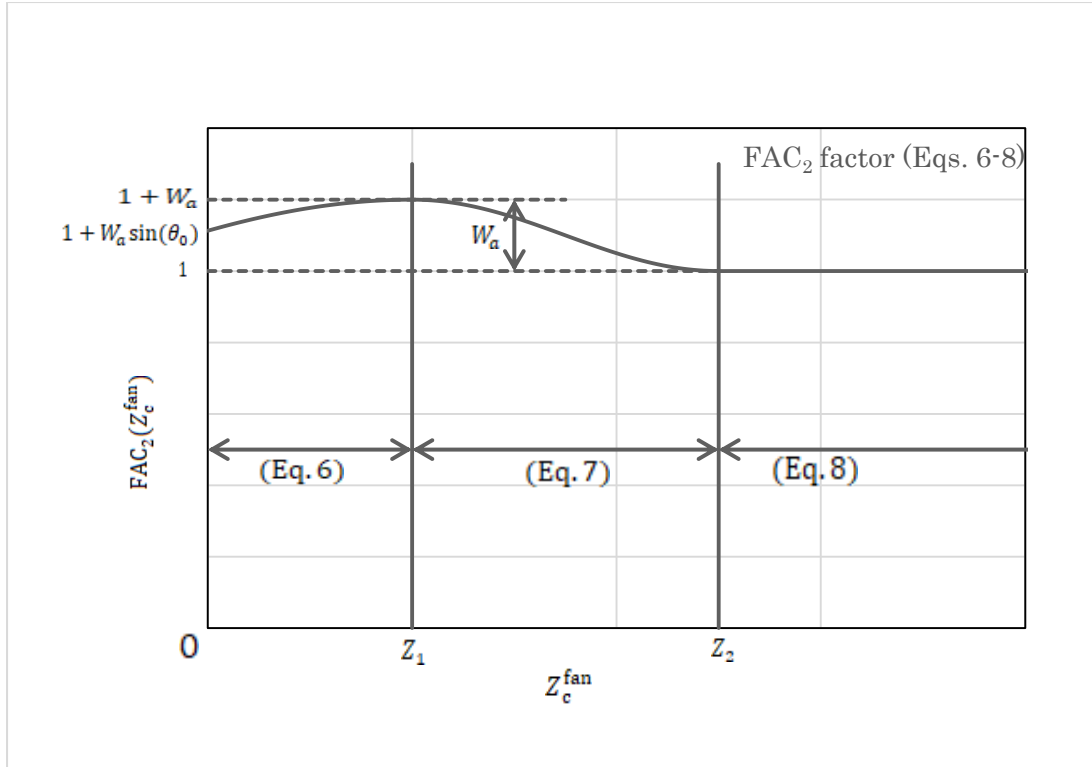
Supplementary Figure 1 Diagram showing how to obtain the final depth-dose curve $D_{para}(0,0,Z:A_0 = \infty)$ of Eq. 4 via the depth-dose curve of $D'_{para}(0,0,Z:A_0 = \infty)$ of Eq. 2 that is yielded from the depth-dose curve $D'_{para}(0,0,Z':A_0)$ of Eq. 1 using the relation of $Z = Z' \times (R_p^{ICRU}/R_p^{MC})$. It should also be noted that the final depth-dose curve $D_{para}(0,0,Z:A_0 = \infty)$ is yielded by modifying the depth-dose curve of $D'_{para}(0,0,Z:A_0 = \infty)$ in Eq. 4 by using the three factors of FAC_{adjust} (Supplementary Tables 1 and 2), FAC_1 (Eqs. 5a & 5b), and FAC_2 (Eqs. 6-8).



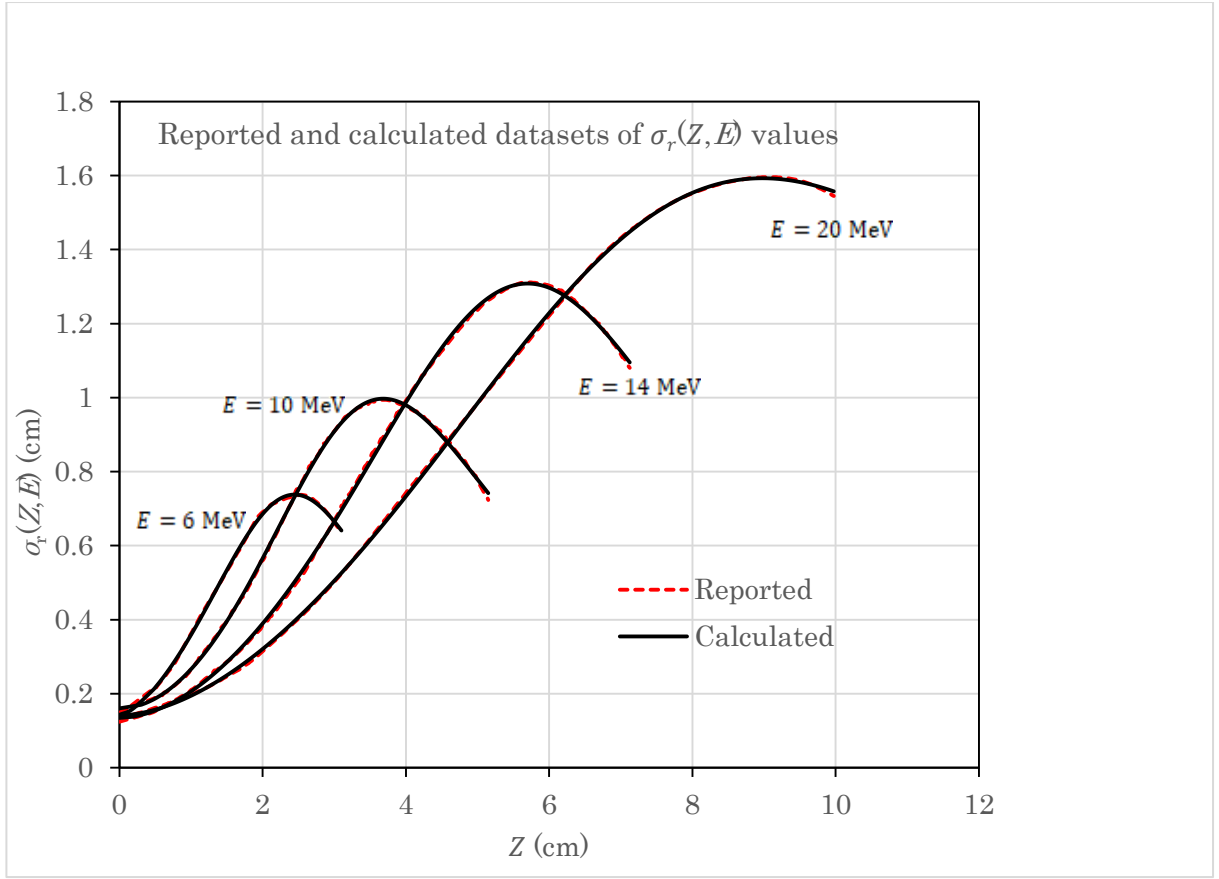
Supplementary Figure 2 Diagram showing how the geometric symbols are used for calculation of the $FAC_1(T_{\min}; Z_c, A_c^{\text{eff}})$ factor for point (X'_c, Y'_c) , where the whole of $\Delta A'_c = \Delta X'_c \Delta Y'_c$ is set inside the field of $A_c^{\text{eff}} = S_c^{\text{eff}} \times S_c^{\text{eff}}$ on the Z_c plane. It should be noted that T_{\min} expresses the minimum among the values of (T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4) , expressing the distances to each of the four square sides of A_c^{eff} from point (X'_c, Y'_c) . The dose calculation point (X_c, Y_c) may be set at any position on the Z_c plane.



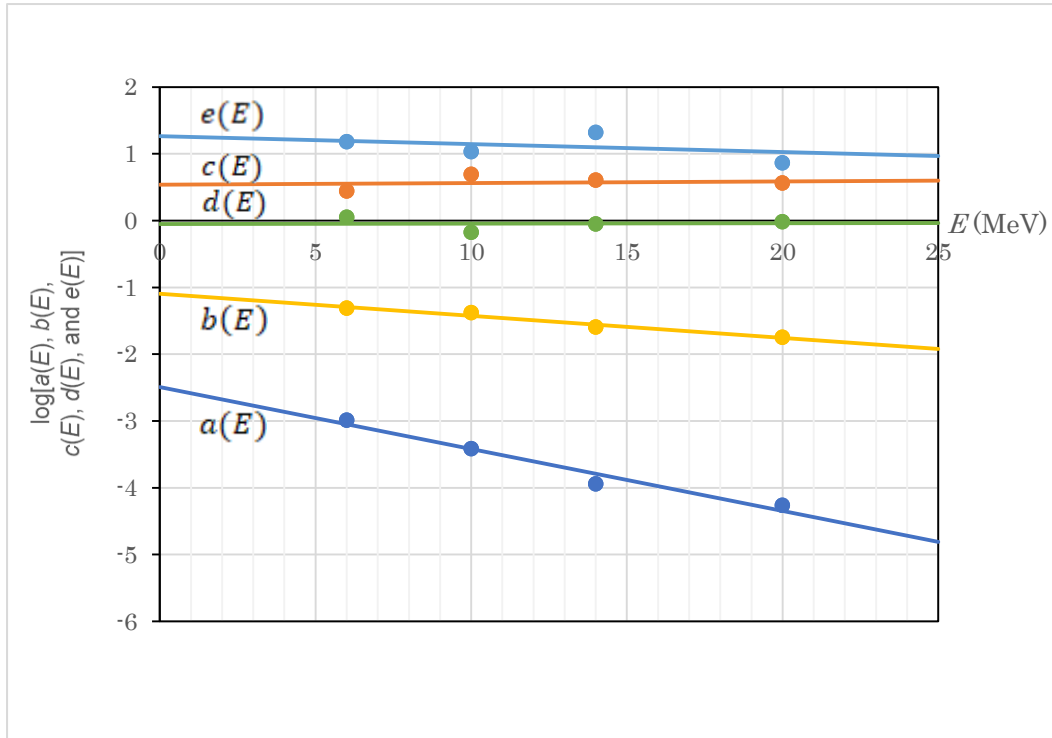
Supplementary Figure 3 Diagram showing how $FAC_1(T_{min}; Z_c, A_c^{eff})$ varies with T_{min} for a given value of $T_0(Z_c; A_c^{eff})$.



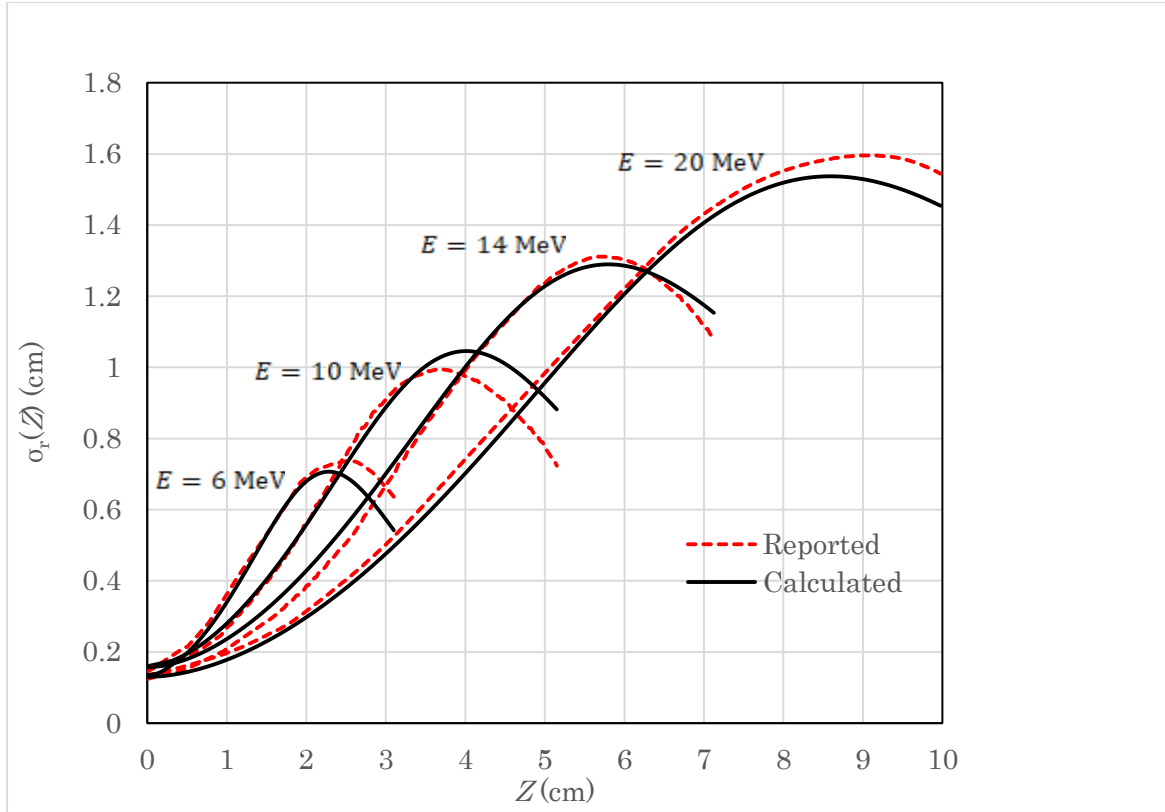
Supplementary Figure 4 Diagram showing how $FAC_2(Z_c^{fan}; Z_c, A_c^{eff})$ varies with Z_c^{fan} using Eqs. 6-8.



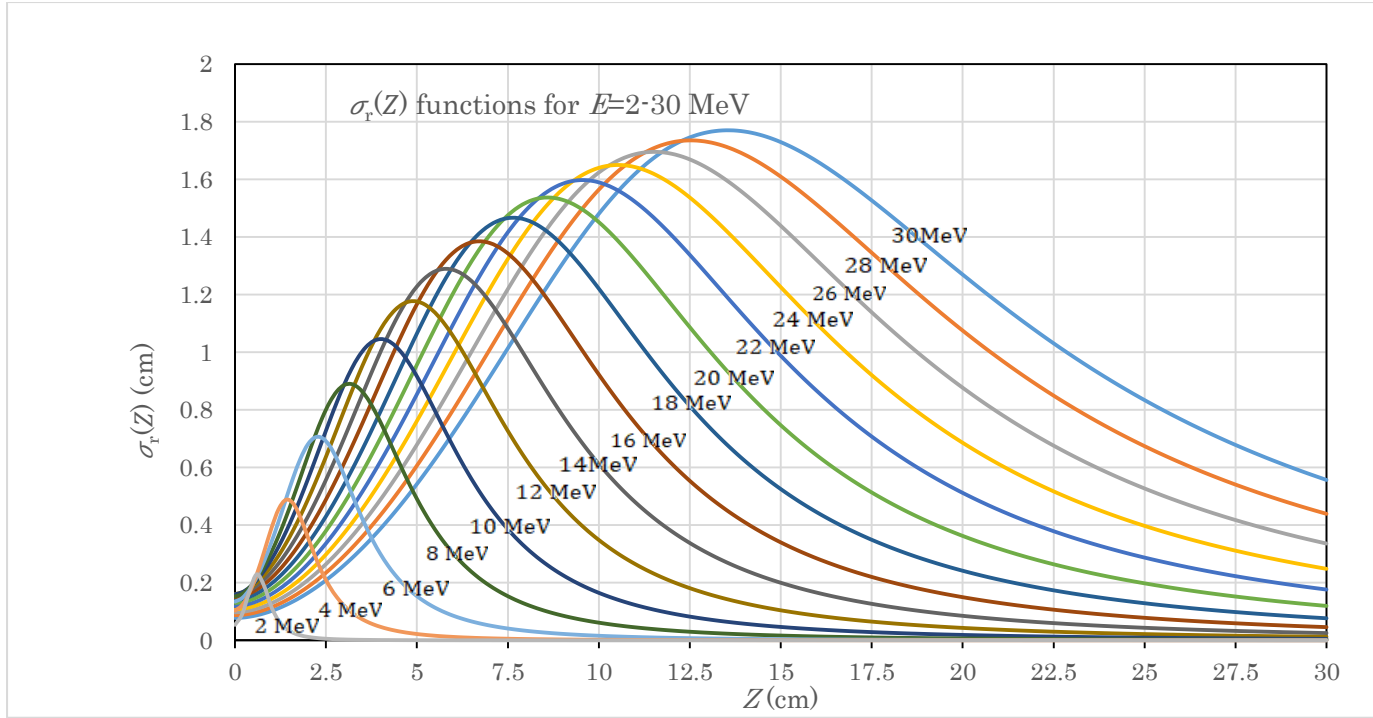
Supplementary Figure 5 Dependence of the $\sigma_r(Z, E)$ function on depth (Z) for each of $E=6, 10, 14$, and 20 MeV electron beams. Solid curves show Eq. 13 with the corresponding sets of $a(E)$ - $e(E)$ values in Supplementary Table 2. Broken curves are the data reported by Bruinvis *et al.*



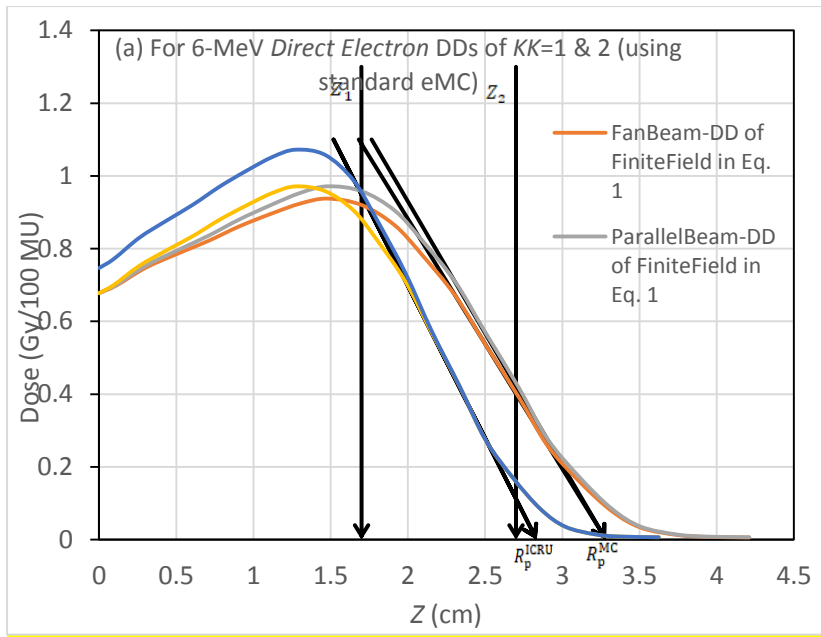
Supplementary Figure 6 Dependence of the $\log[a(E)]$, $\log[b(E)]$, $\log[c(E)]$, $\log[d(E)]$, and $\log[e(E)]$ functions on E . Straight lines show Eqs. 15-19; and dots, the corresponding datasets of $a(E)$ - $e(E)$ in Table 2. Relatively large differences between the equation and dataset arise for the $e(E)$ function.



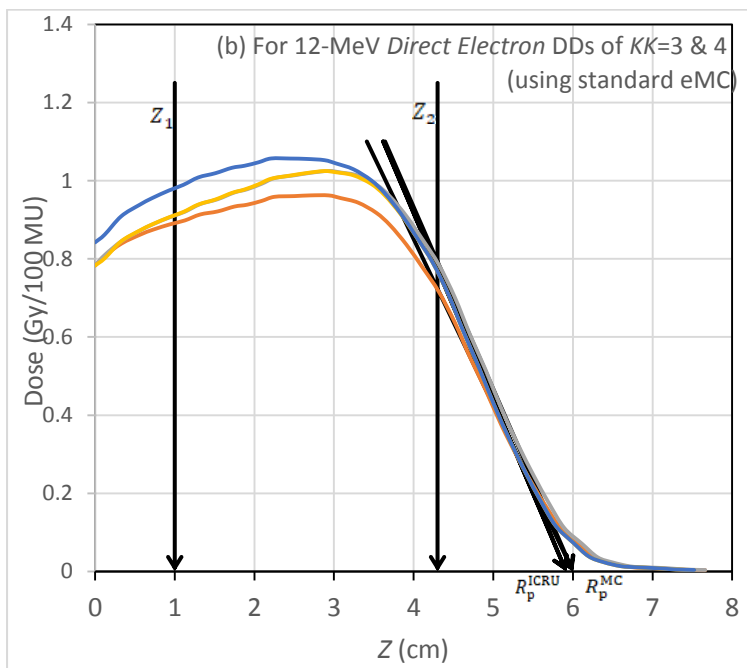
Supplementary Figure 7 Dependence of the $\sigma_r(Z)$ functions on depth (Z) for $E=6, 10, 14$, and 20 MeV. The solid curves show the generalized formula, Eq. 13 with Eqs. 15-19. The broken curves are the data reported by Bruinvis et al.



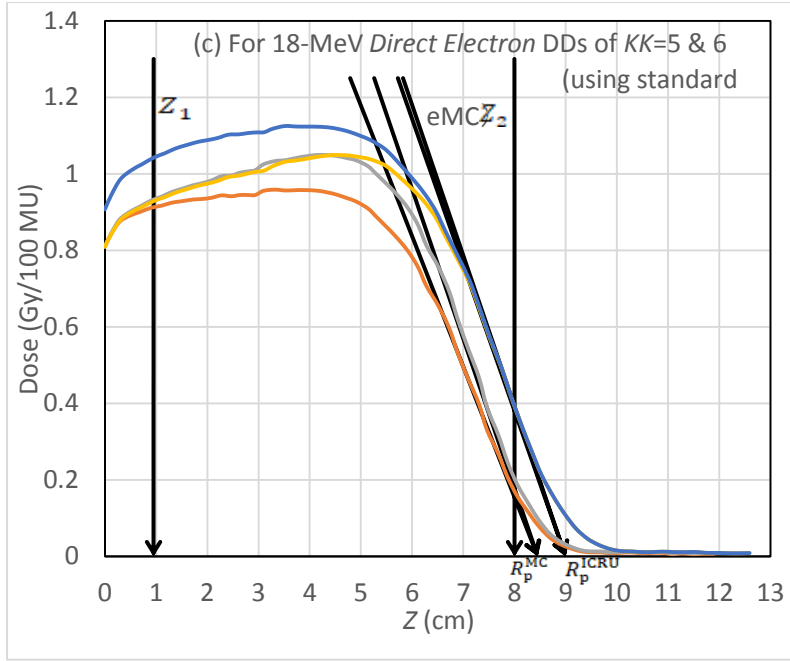
Supplementary Figure 8 Diagram showing the curves of $\sigma_r(Z)$ generated using Eq. 13 with the $a(E)$ - $e(E)$ functions of Eqs. 15-19 for $E = 2$ -30 MeV at intervals of 2 MeV.



(a)

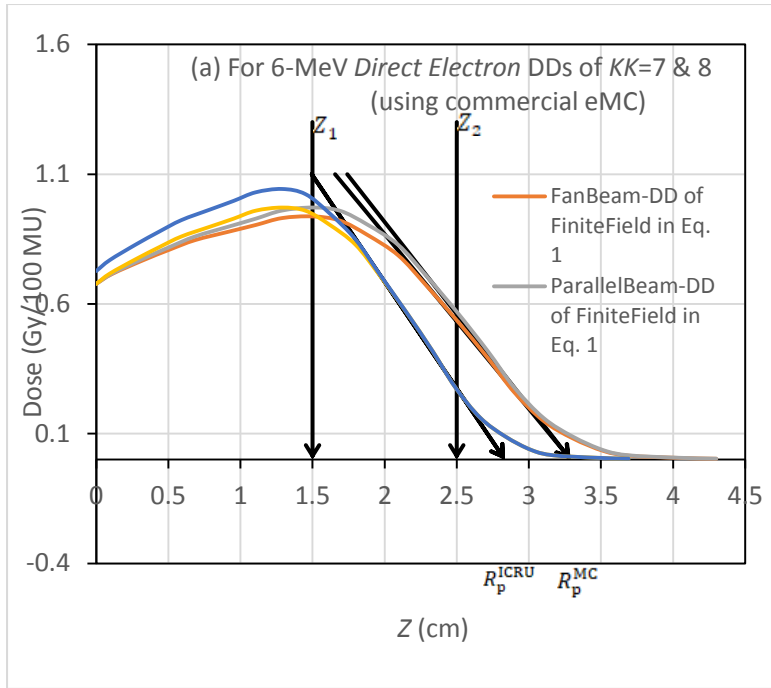


(b)

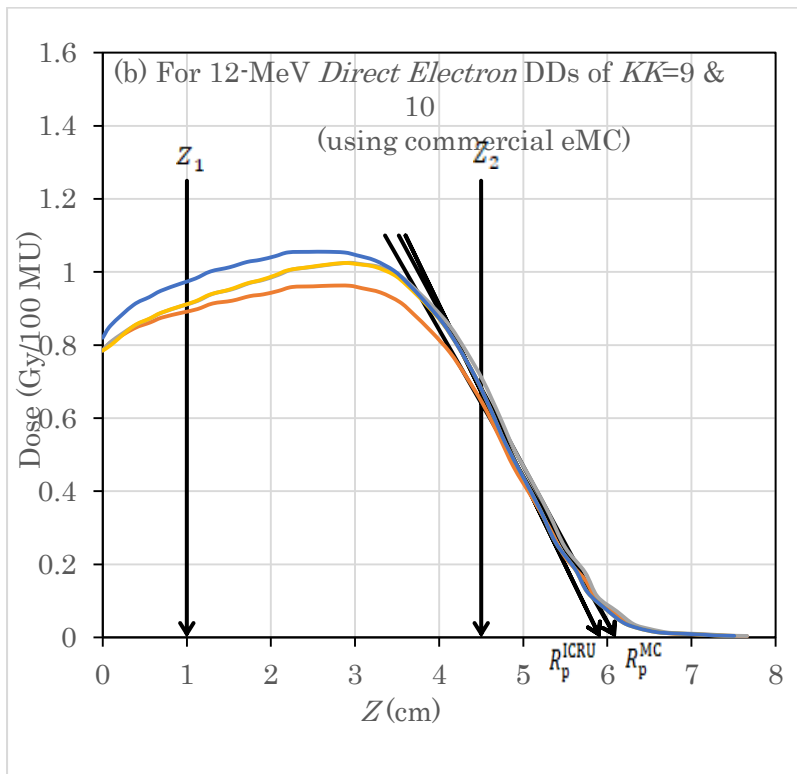


(c)

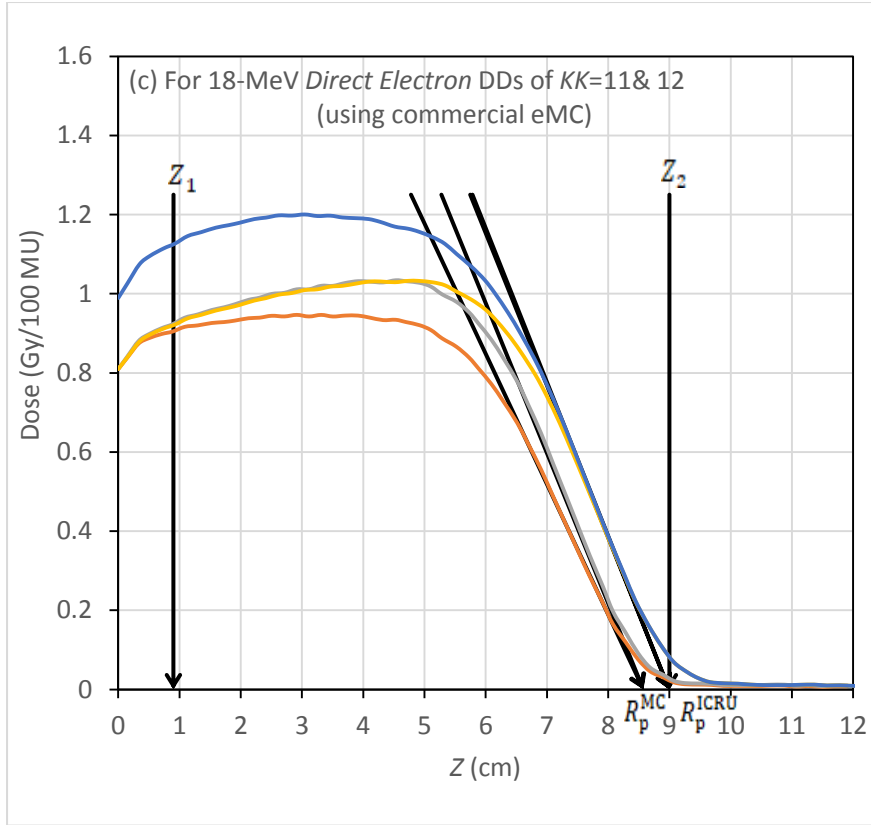
Supplementary Figure 9a-c Each of (a)-(c) diagrams showing a series of DD curves yielded using the standard eMC, reaching the corresponding parallel beam DD curve of infinite field ($A_0 = \infty$) used for direct electron beams, derived on the basis of the stepped DD-curves in (a) *Supp. fig. 1(a)* showing 6-MeV DD ($KK=1$ and 2), (b) *Supp. fig. 3(a)* showing 12-MeV DD ($KK=3$ and 4), and (c) *Supp. fig. 1(d)* showing 18-MeV DD ($KK=5$ and 6), as listed in Supplementary Table 1. In each DD group of (a)-(c), the first DD shows $D_{fan}(0,0,Z = Z':A_0)$ in Eq. 1 (orange line), the second DD shows $D'_{para}(0,0,Z = Z':A_0)$ in Eq. 1 (gray line), the third DD shows $D'_{para}(0,0,Z:A_0 = \infty)$ in Eq. 2 (yellow line), and the last DD shows $D_{para}(0,0,Z = Z_c^{fan}:A_0 = \infty)$ of Eq. 4 (blue line).



(a)

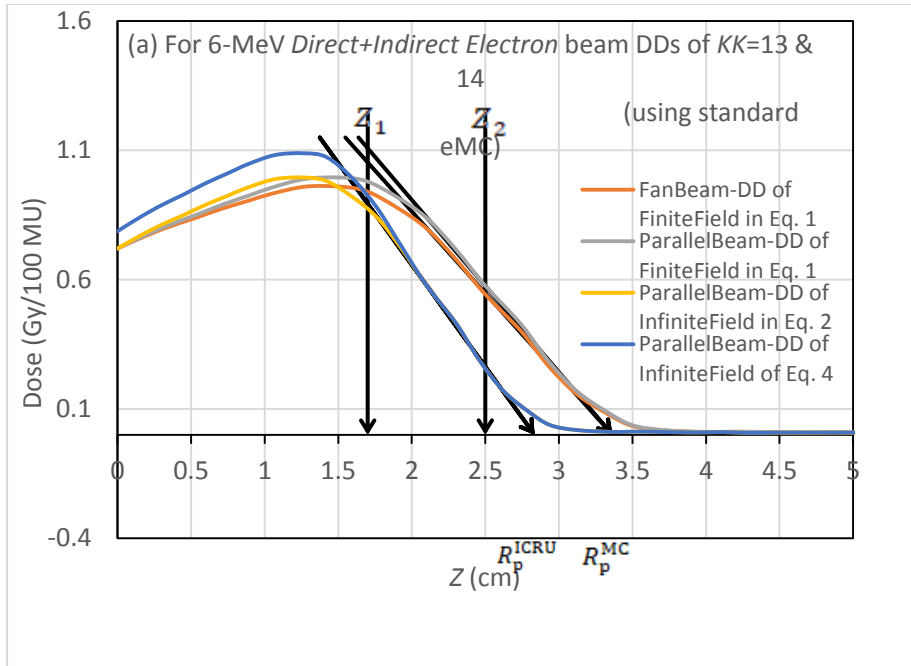


(b)

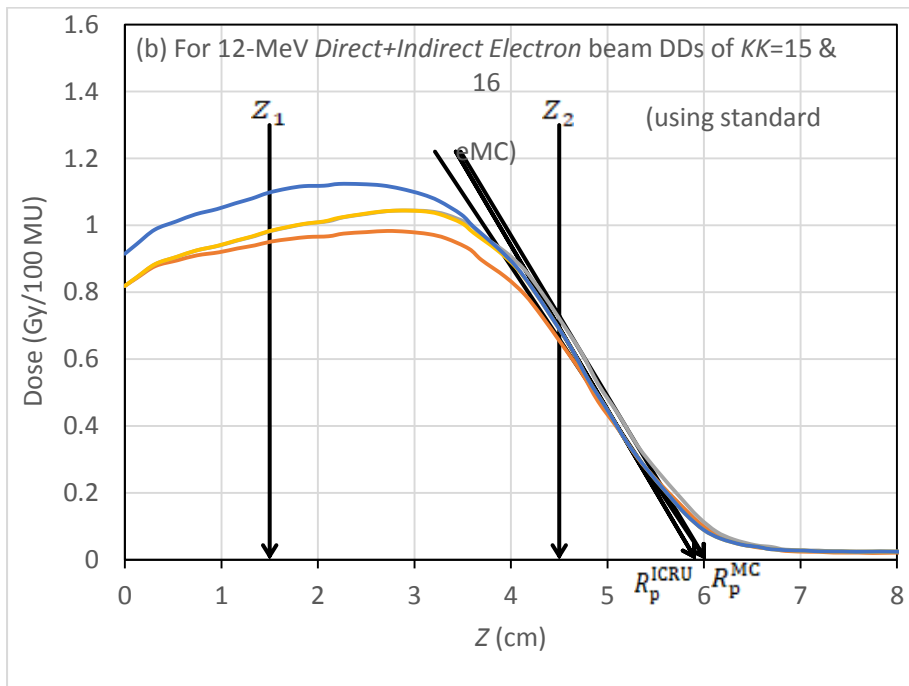


(c)

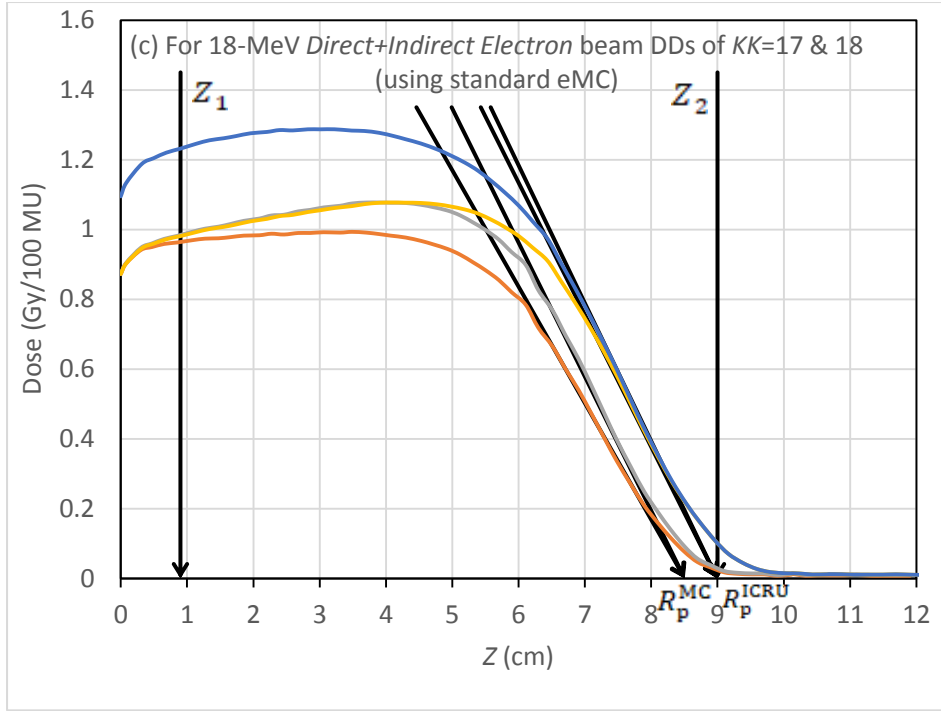
Supplementary Figure 10a-c Each of (a)-(c) diagrams showing a series of DD curves yielded using the commercial eMC, reaching the corresponding parallel beam DD curve of infinite field ($A_0 = \infty$) used for direct electron beams, derived on the basis of the dotted DD-curves in (a) *Supp. fig. 1(a)* showing 6-MeV DD (KK=7 and 8), (b) *Supp. fig. 3(a)* showing 12-MeV DD (KK=9 and 10), and (c) *Supp. fig. 1(d)* showing 18-MeV DD (KK=11 and 12), as listed in Supplementary Table 1. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 9.



(a)

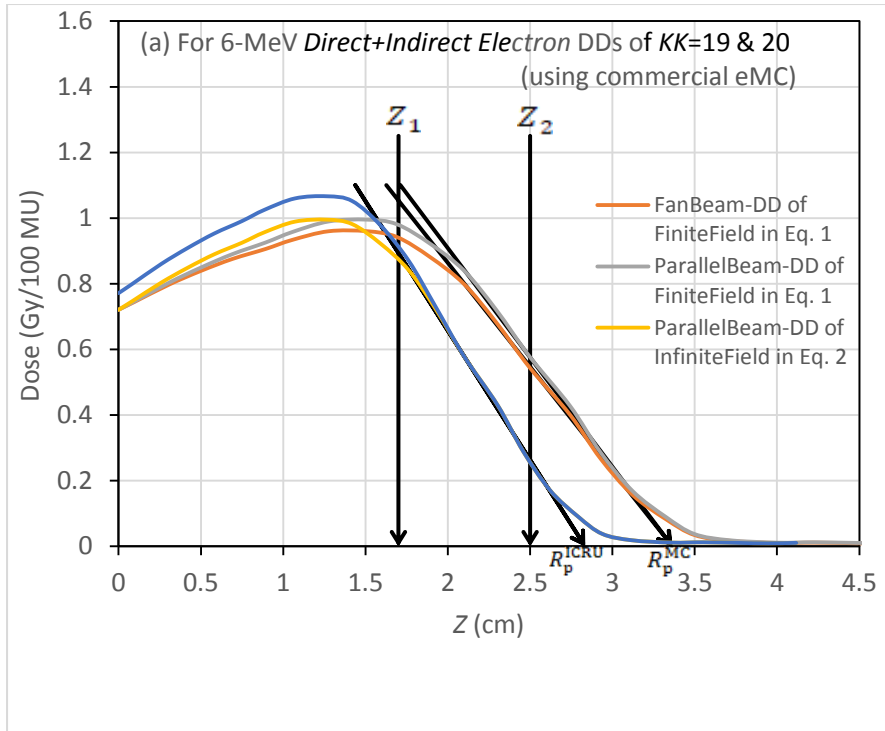


(b)

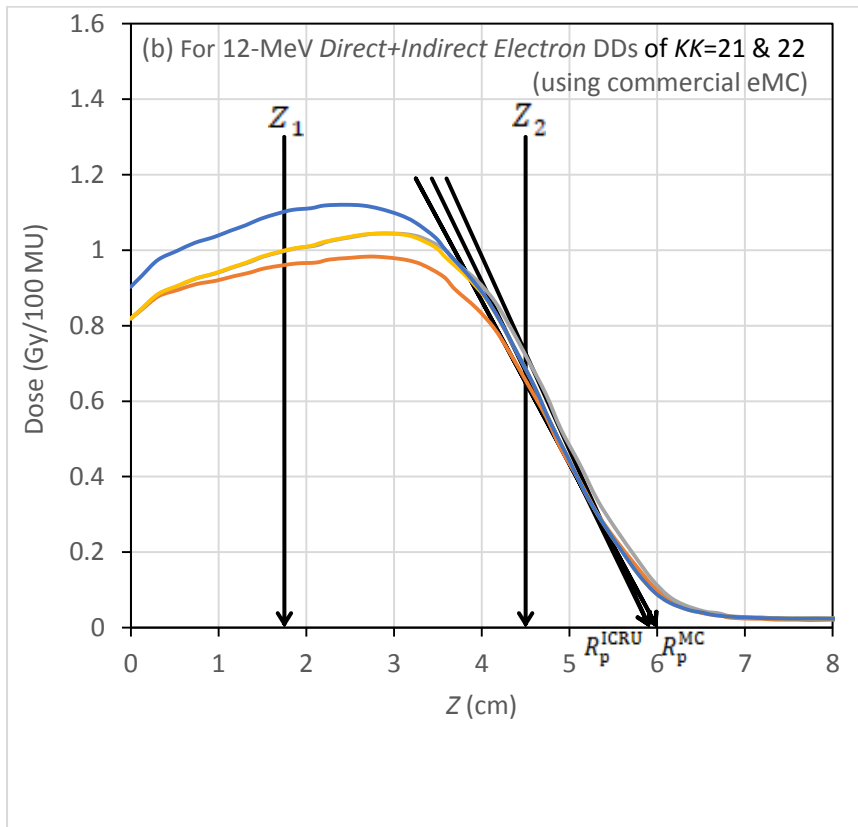


(c)

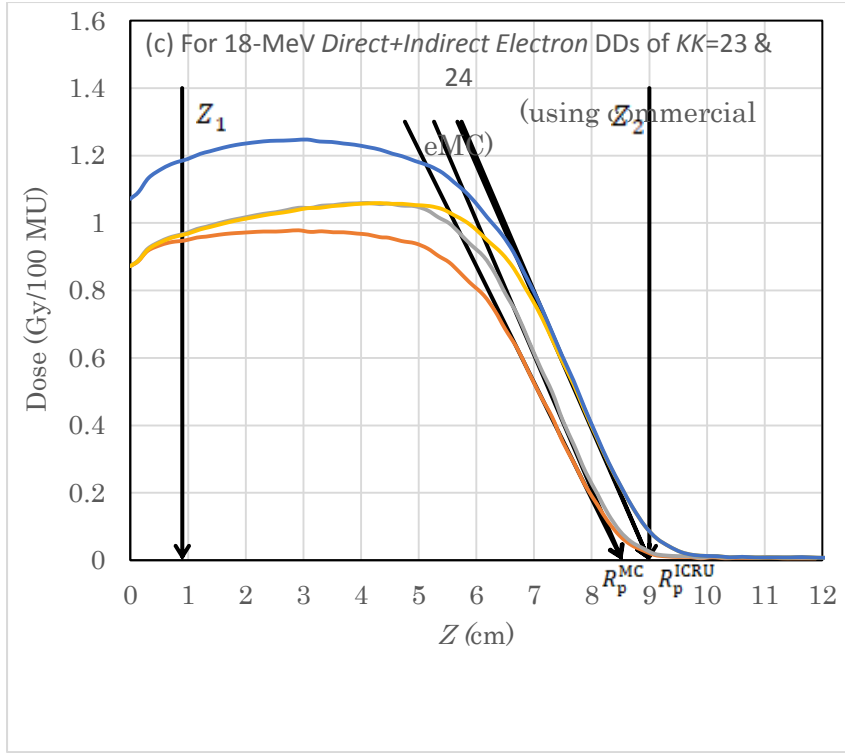
Supplementary Figure 11a-c Each of (a)-(c) diagrams showing a series of DD curves yielded using the standard eMC, reaching the corresponding parallel beam DD curve of infinite field ($A_0 = \infty$) used for direct-plus-indirect electron beams, derived on the basis of the stepped DD-curves in (a) *Supp. fig. 1(a)* showing 6-MeV DD ($KK=13$ and 14), (b) *Supp. fig. 3(a)* showing 12-MeV DD ($KK=15$ and 16), and (c) *Supp. fig. 1(d)* showing 18-MeV DD ($KK=17$ and 18), as listed in Supplementary Table 1. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 9.



(a)

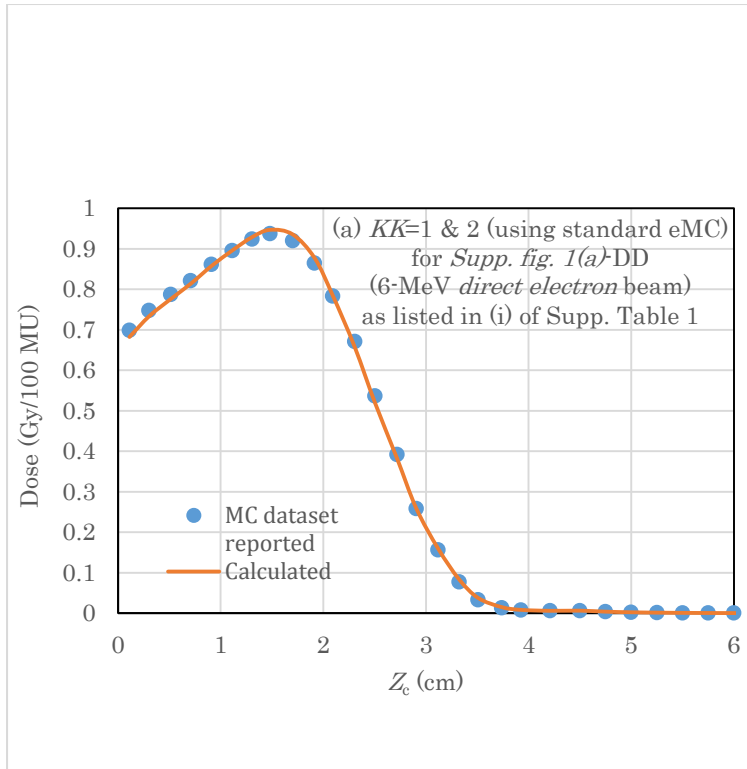


(b)

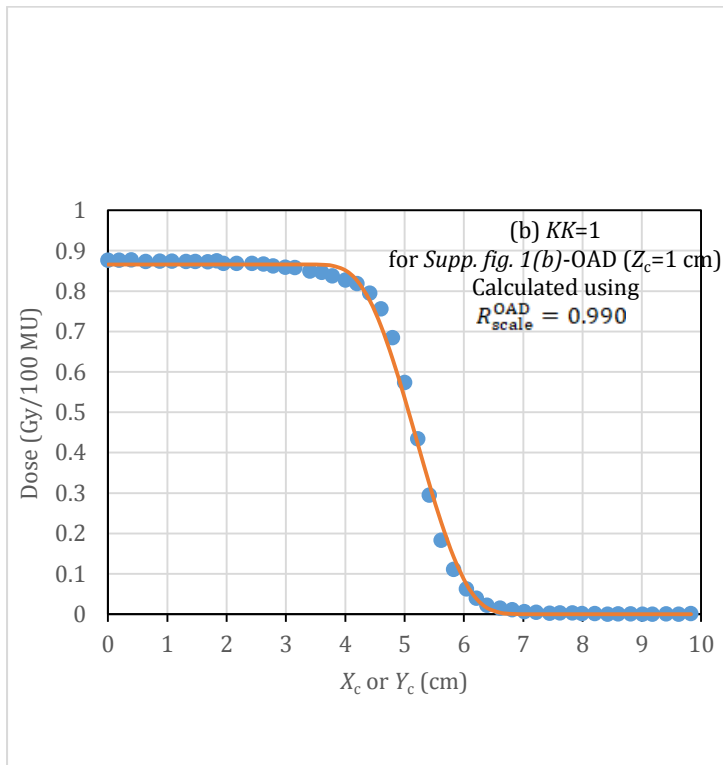


(c)

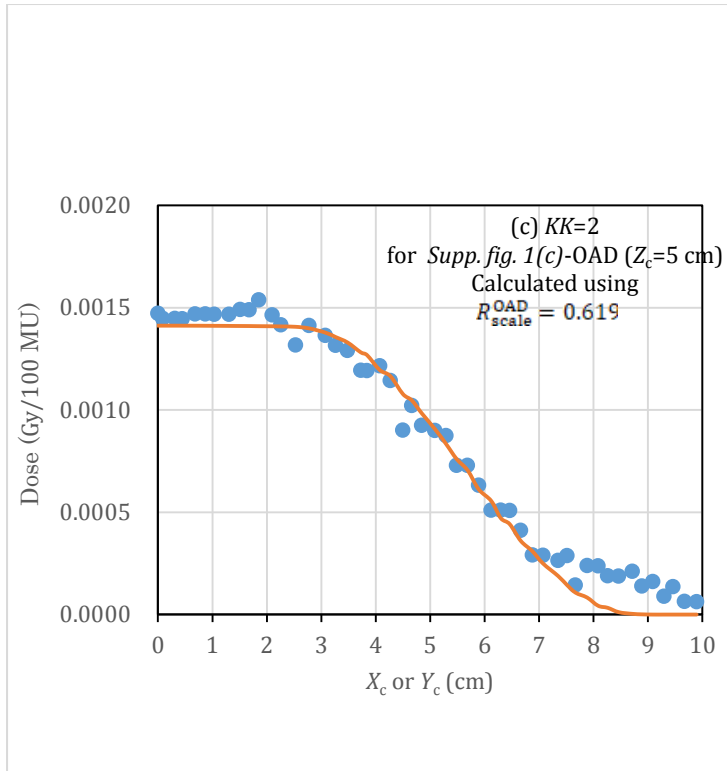
Supplementary Figure 12a-c Each of (a)-(c) diagrams showing a series of DD curves yielded using the commercial eMC, reaching the corresponding parallel beam DD curve of infinite field ($A_0 = \infty$) used for direct-plus-indirect electron beams, derived on the basis of the stepped DD-curves in (a) *Supp. fig. 1(a)* showing 6-MeV DD (KK=19 and 20), (b) *Supp. fig. 3(a)* showing 12-MeV DD (KK=21 and 22), and (c) *Supp. fig. 1(d)* showing 18-MeV DD (KK=23 and 24), as listed in Supplementary Table 1. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 9.



(a)

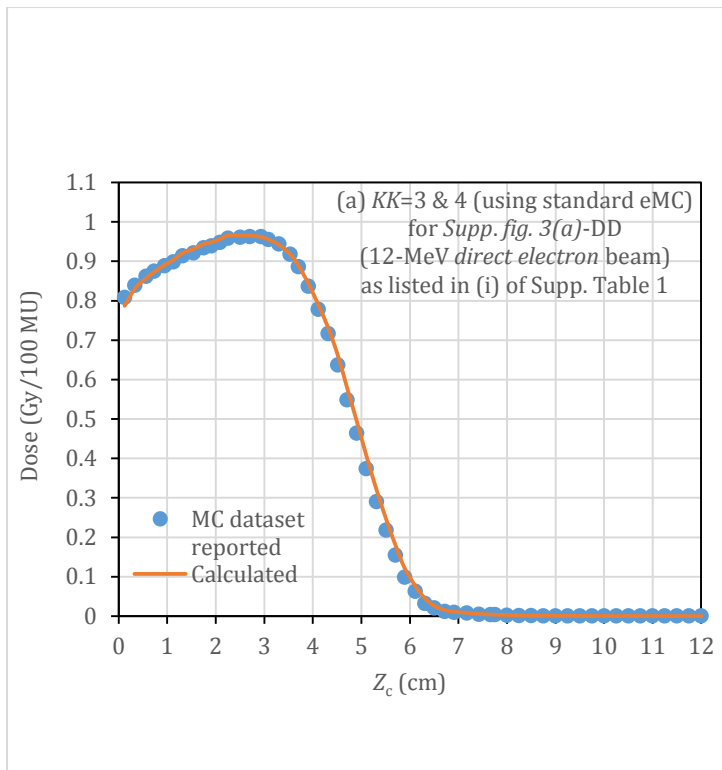


(b)

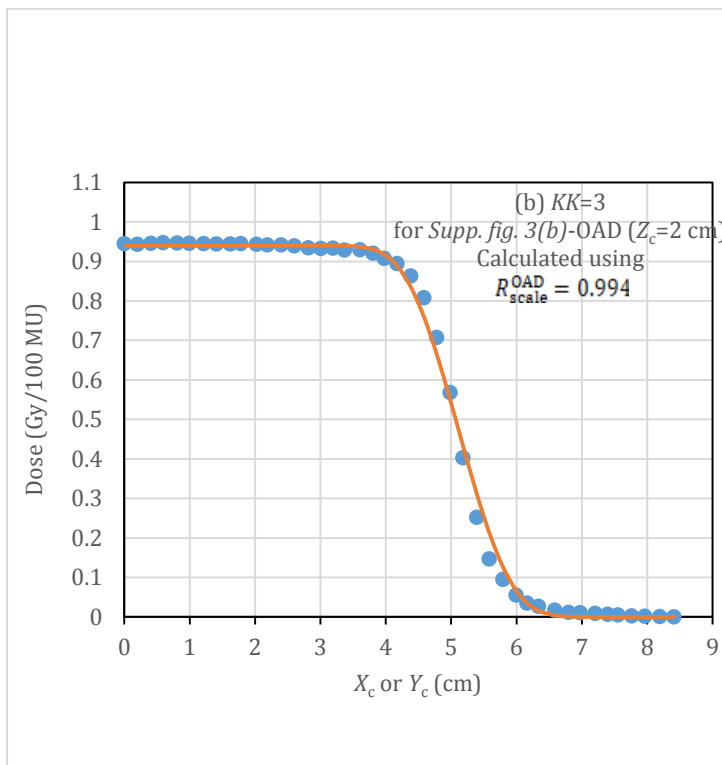


(c)

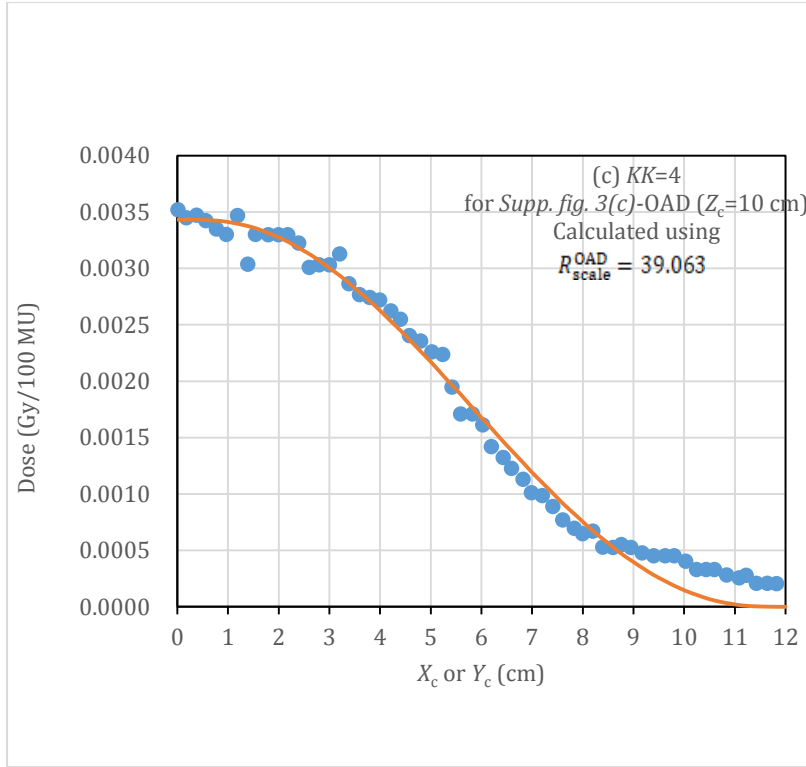
Supplementary Figure 13a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 1$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 5$ cm are illustrated for the 6-MeV *direct electron* beam, indicating $KK=1$ and 2 listed in (i) of Supplementary Table 1. Dots show the dose results with the standard eMC; and lines, the calculated dose results.



(a)

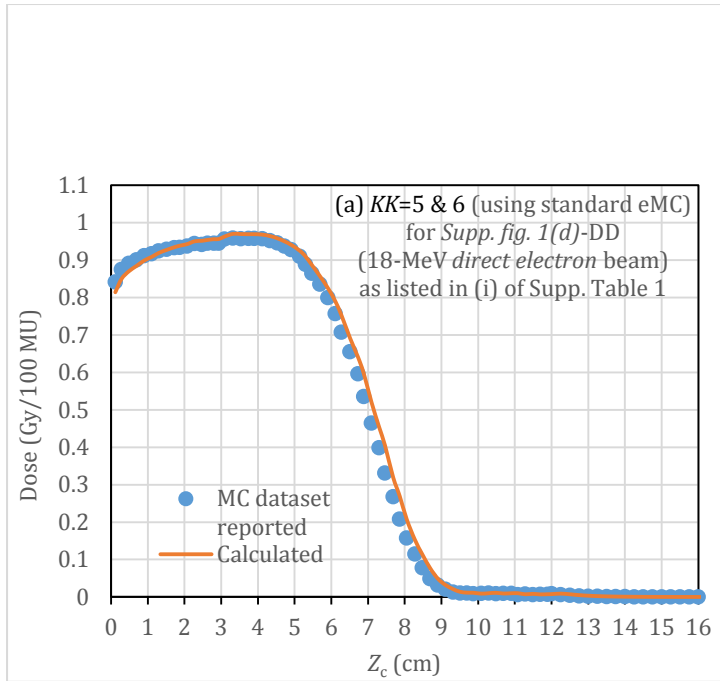


(b)

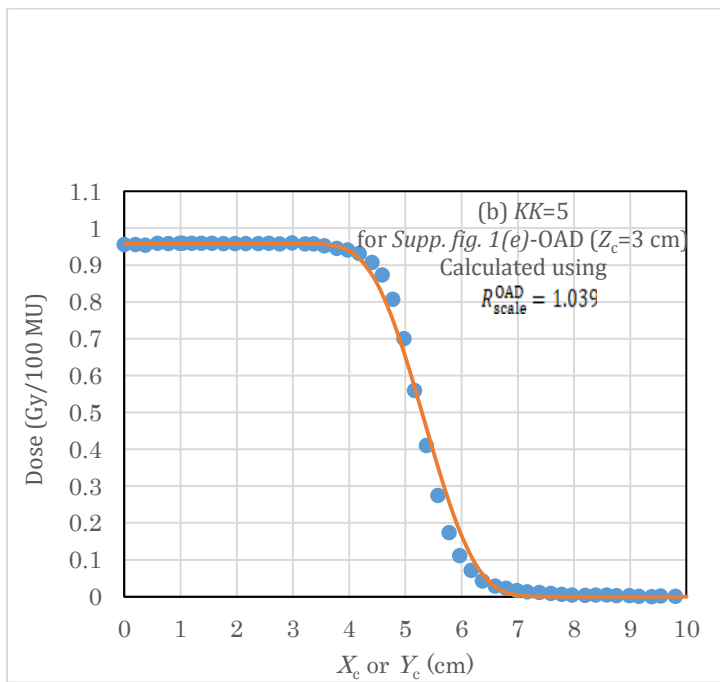


(c)

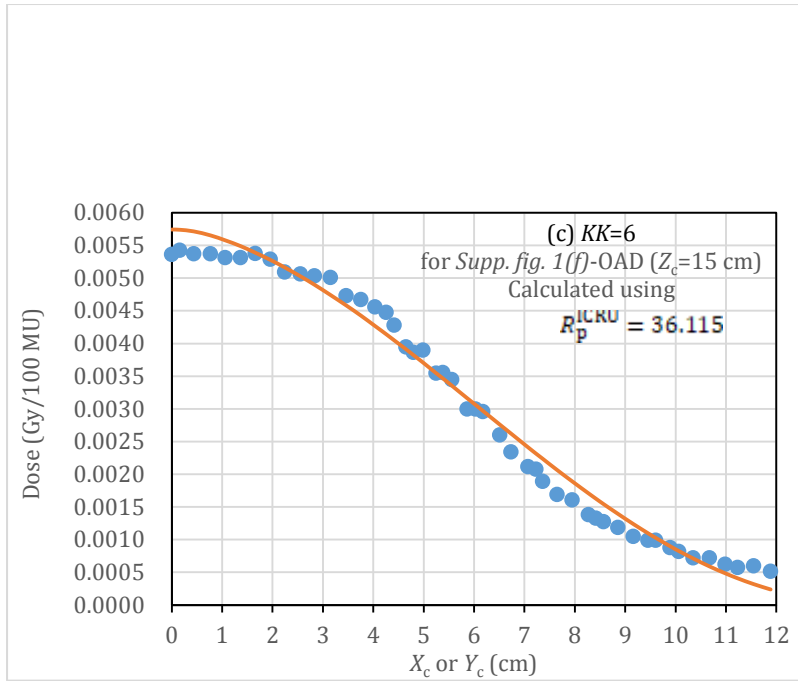
Supplementary Figure 14a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 2$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 10$ cm are illustrated for the 12-MeV *direct electron* beam, indicating $KK=3$ and 4 listed in (i) of Supplementary Table 1. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 13.



(a)

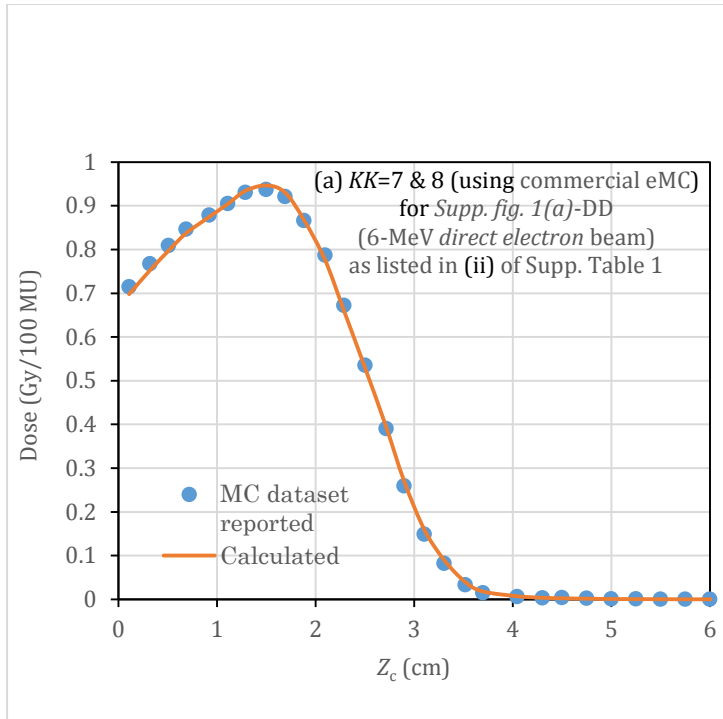


(b)

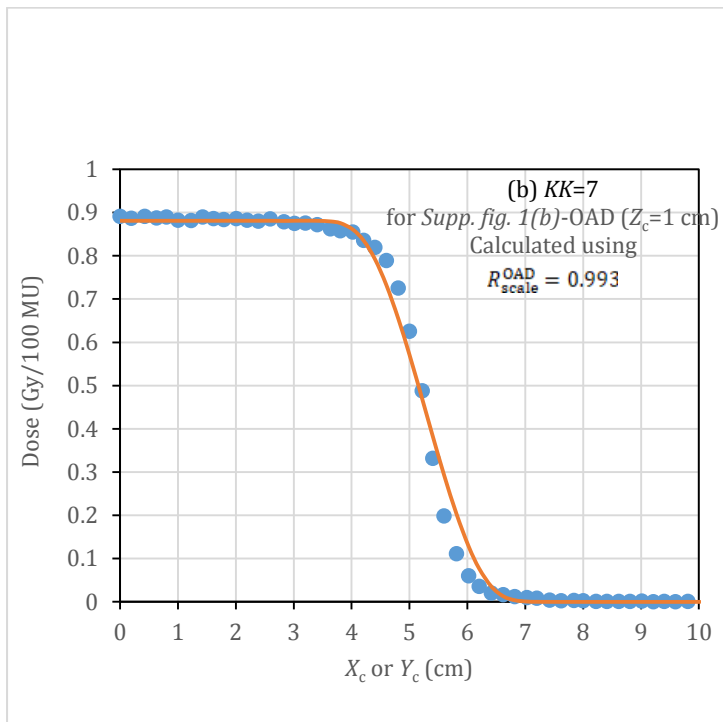


(c)

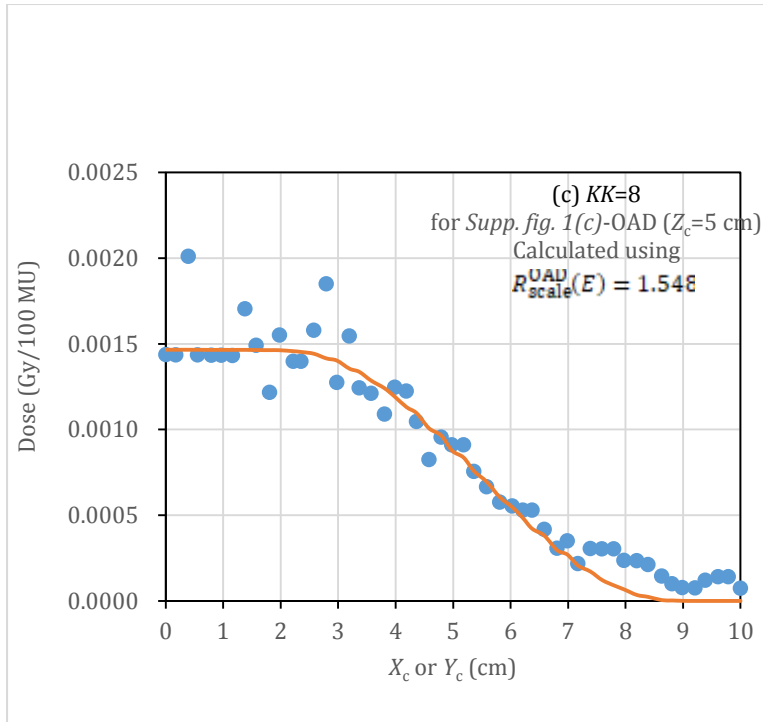
Supplementary Figure 15a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 3$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 15$ cm are illustrated for the 18-MeV *direct electron* beam, indicating $KK=5$ and 6 listed in (i) of Supplementary Table 1. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 13.



(a)

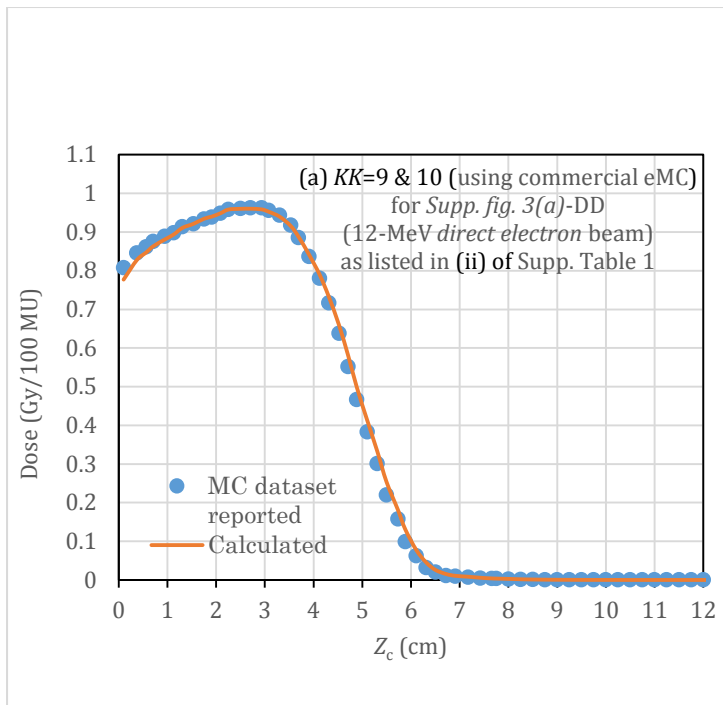


(b)

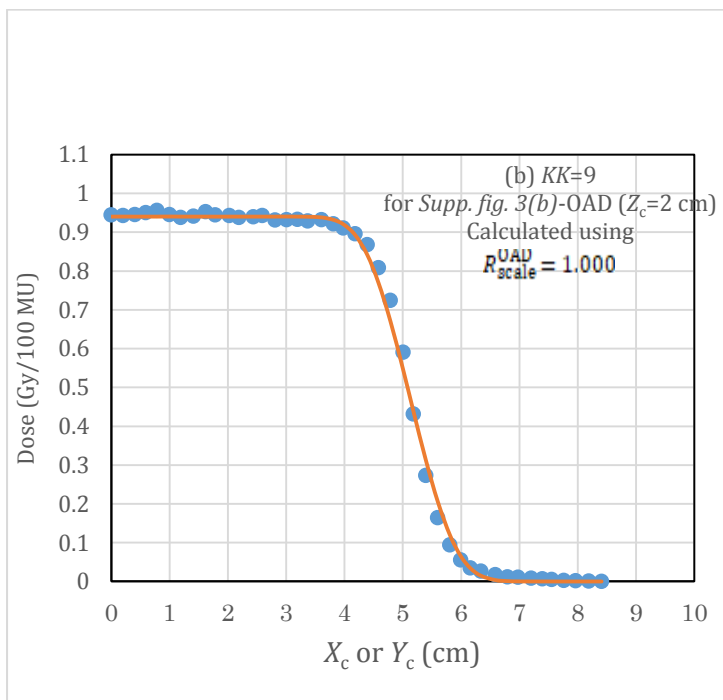


(c)

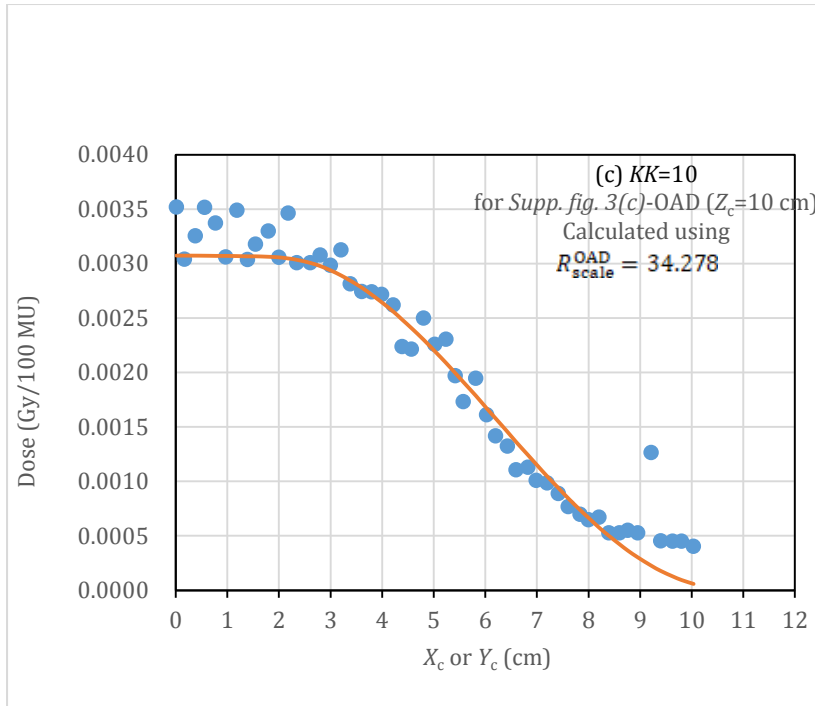
Supplementary Figure 16a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 1$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 5$ cm are illustrated for the 6-MeV *direct electron* beam, indicating $KK=7$ and 8 listed in (ii) of Supplementary Table 1. Dots show the dose results with the commercial eMC; and lines, the calculated dose results.



(a)

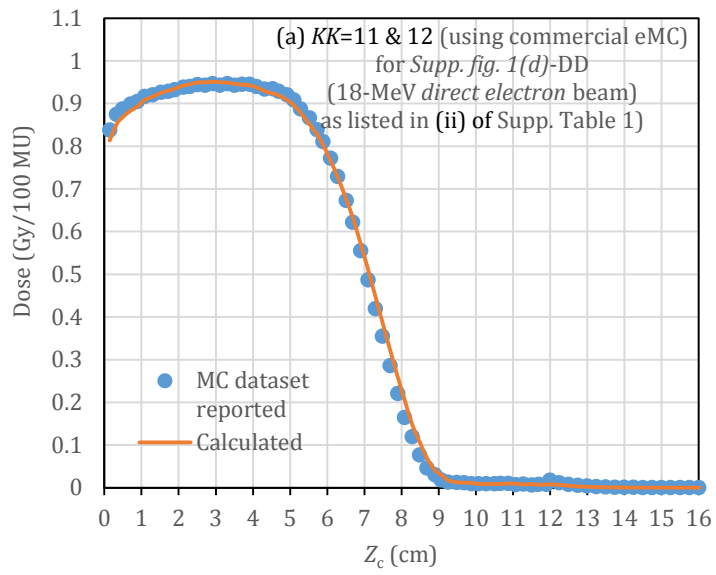


(b)

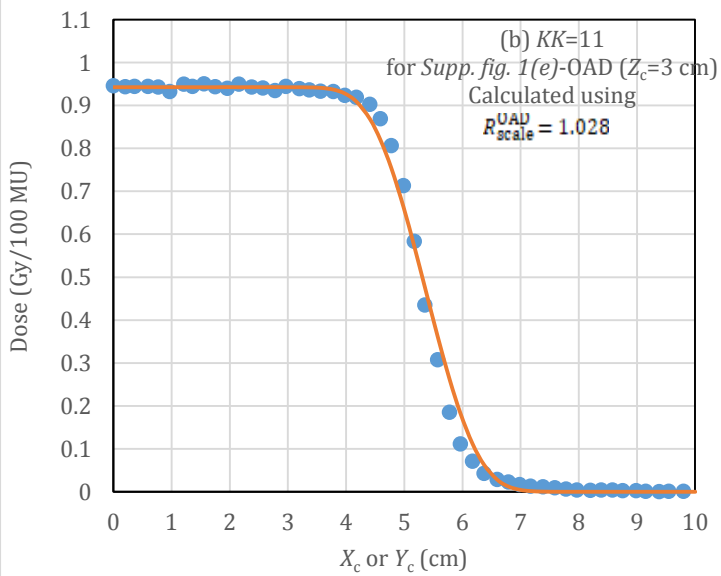


(c)

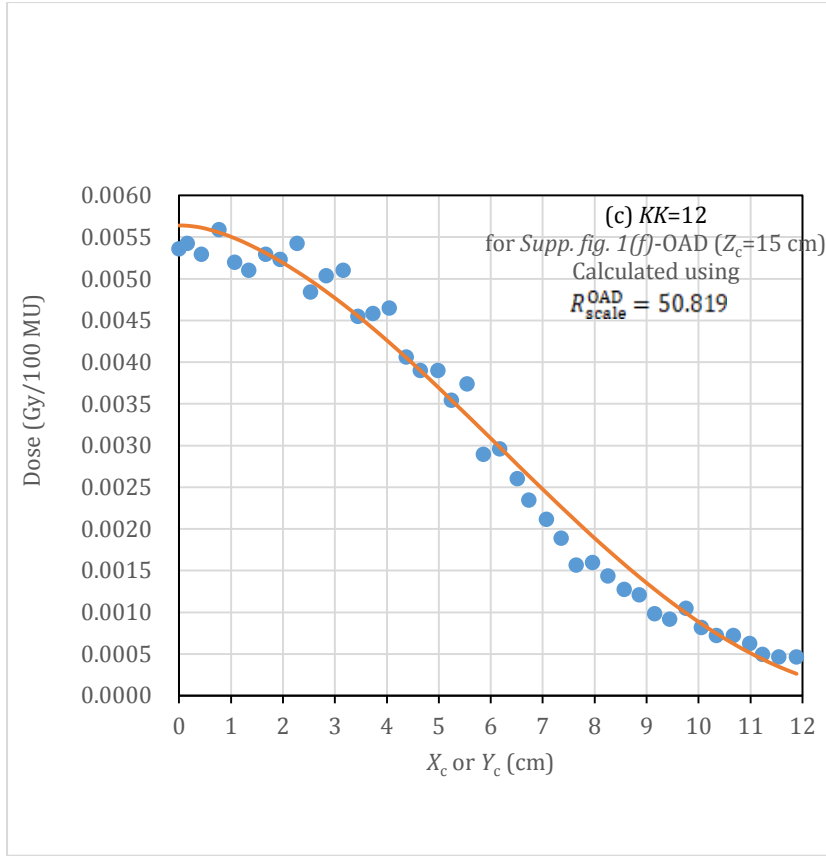
Supplementary Figure 17a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 2$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 10$ cm are illustrated for the 12-MeV *direct electron* beam, indicating $KK=9$ and 10 listed in (ii) of Supplementary Table 1. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 16.



(a)

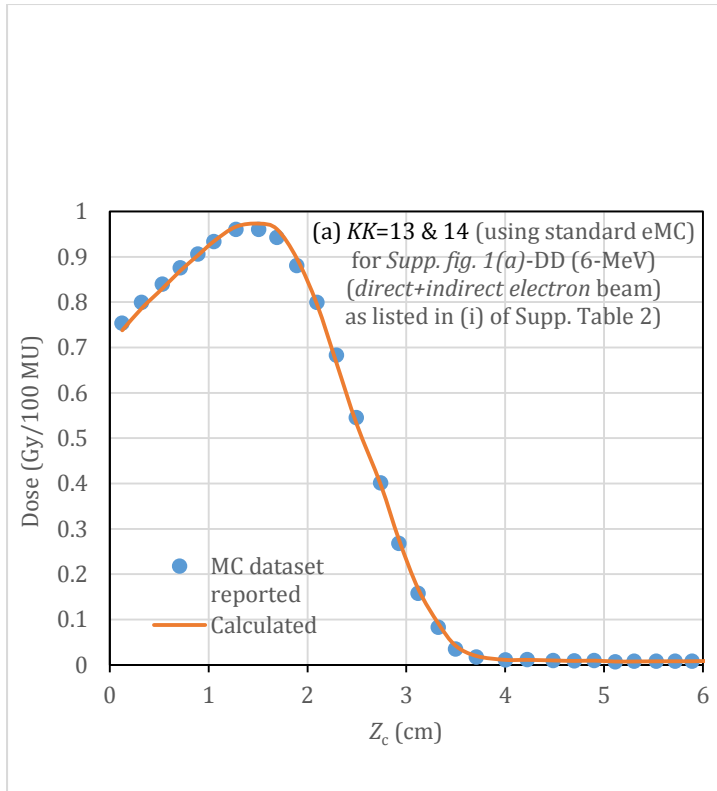


(b)

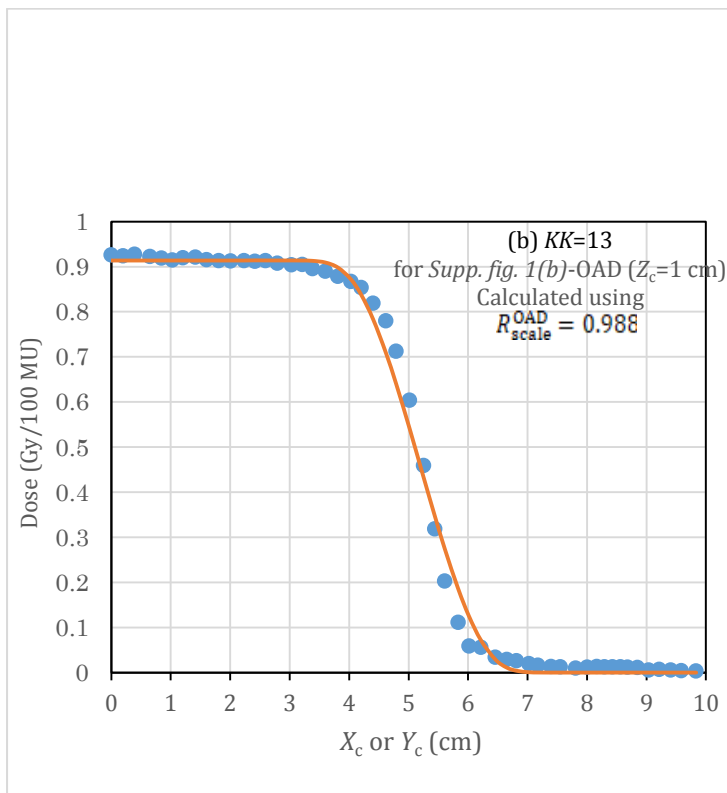


(c)

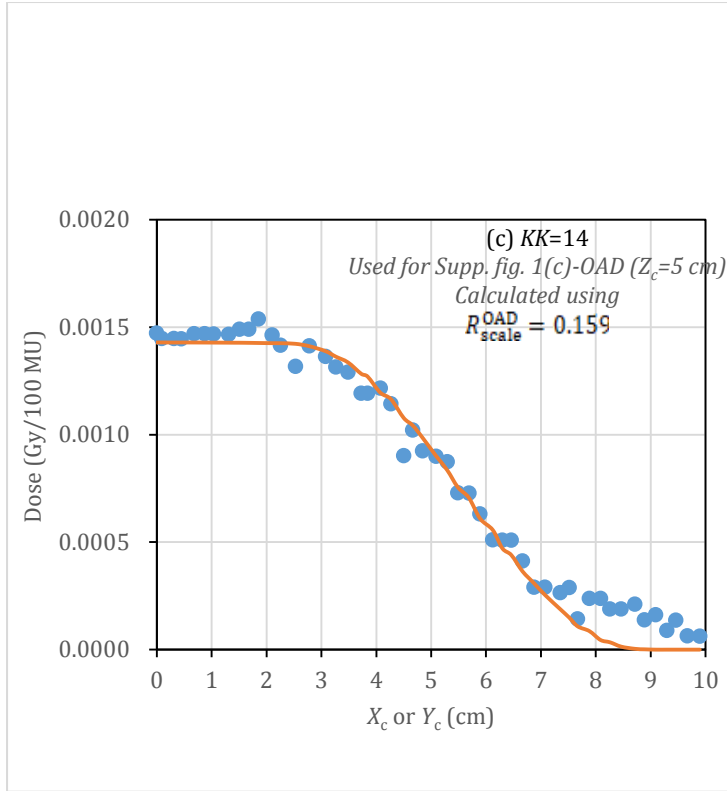
Supplementary Figure 18a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 3$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 15$ cm are illustrated for the 18-MeV *direct electron* beam, indicating $KK=11$ and 12 listed in (ii) of Supplementary Table 1. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 16.



(a)

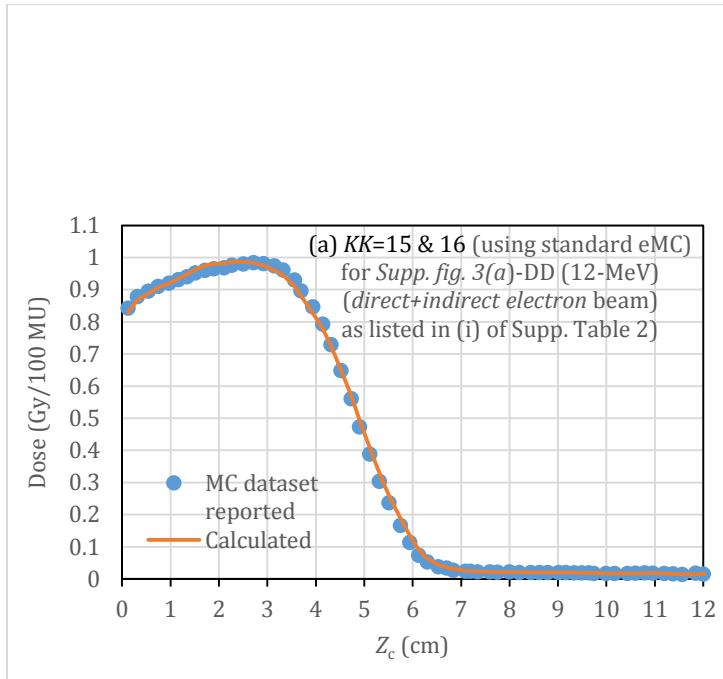


(b)

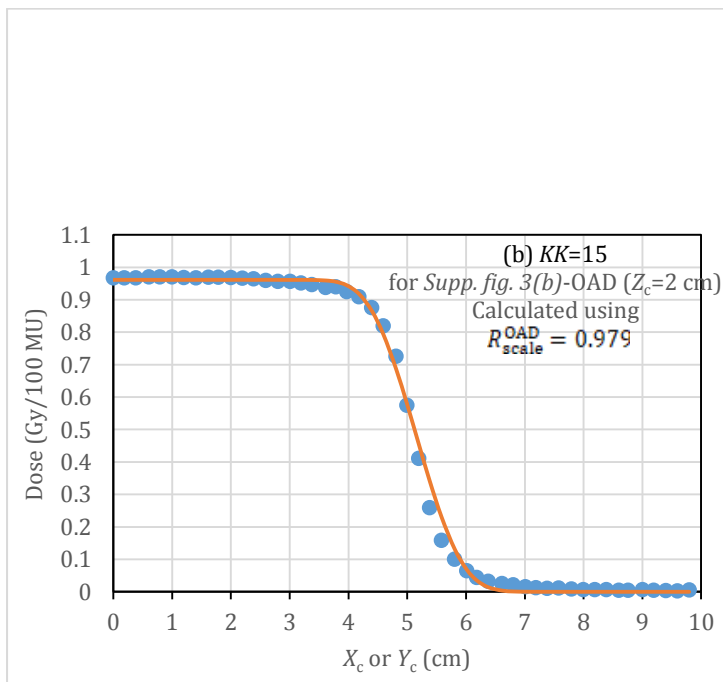


(c)

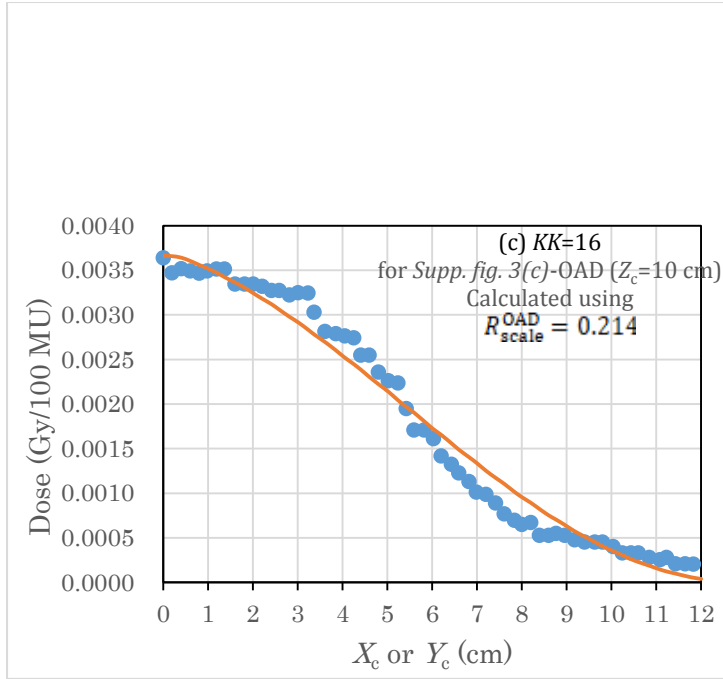
Supplementary Figure 19a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 1$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 5$ cm are illustrated for the 6-MeV *direct-plus-indirect electron* beam, indicating $KK=13$ and 14 listed in (i) of Supplementary Table 1. Dots show the dose results using the standard eMC; and lines, the calculated dose results.



(a)

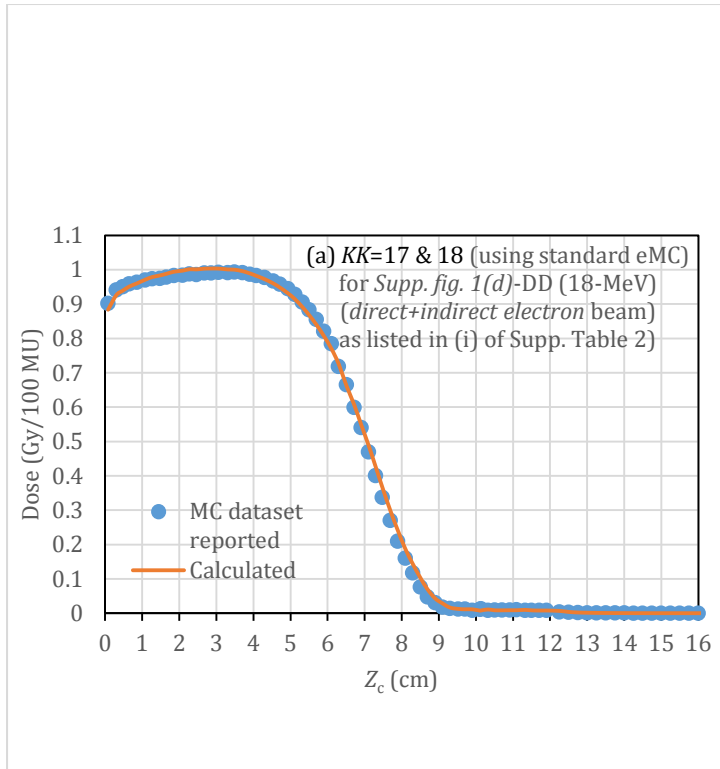


(b)

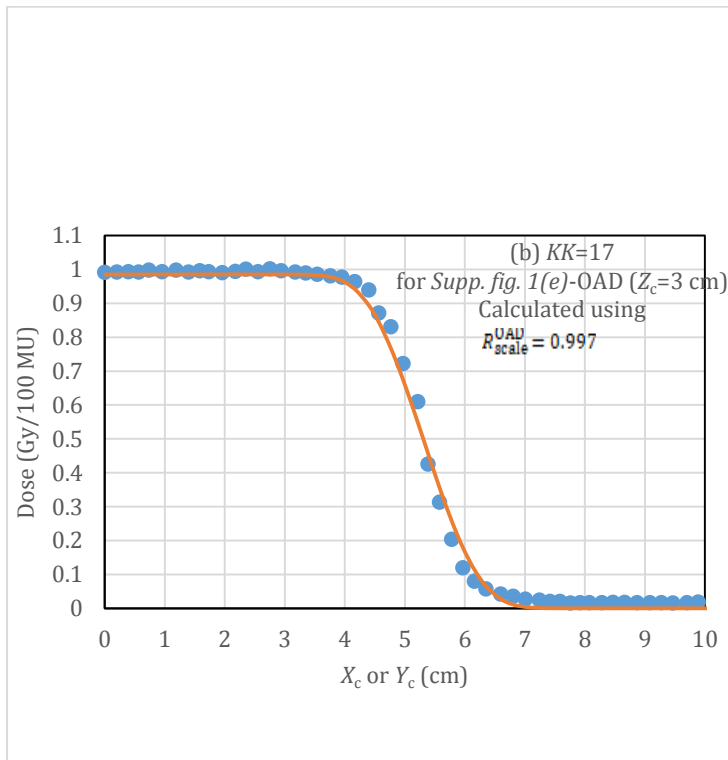


(c)

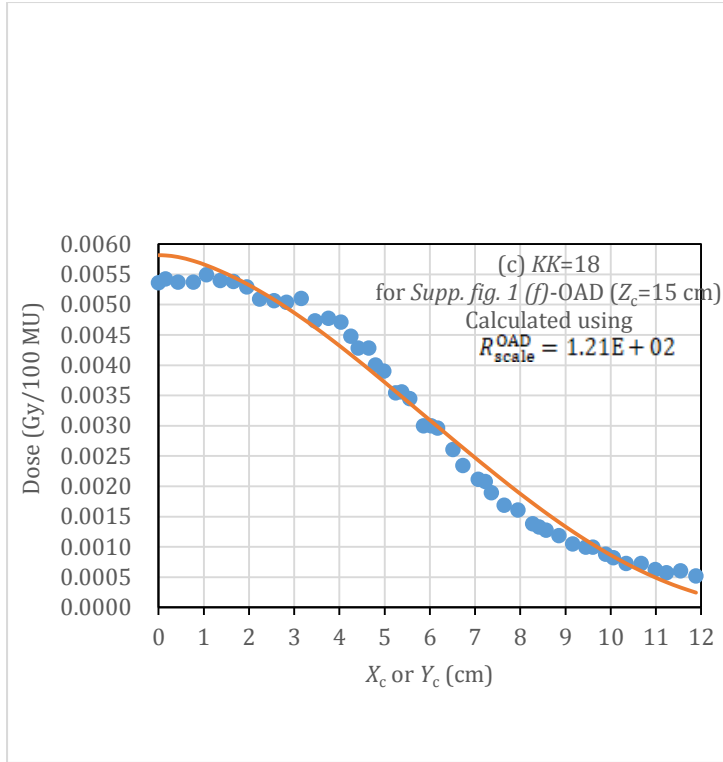
Supplementary Figure 20a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 2$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 10$ cm are illustrated for the 6-MeV *direct-plus-indirect electron* beam, indicating $KK=13$ and 14 listed in (i) of Supplementary Table 2. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 19.



(a)

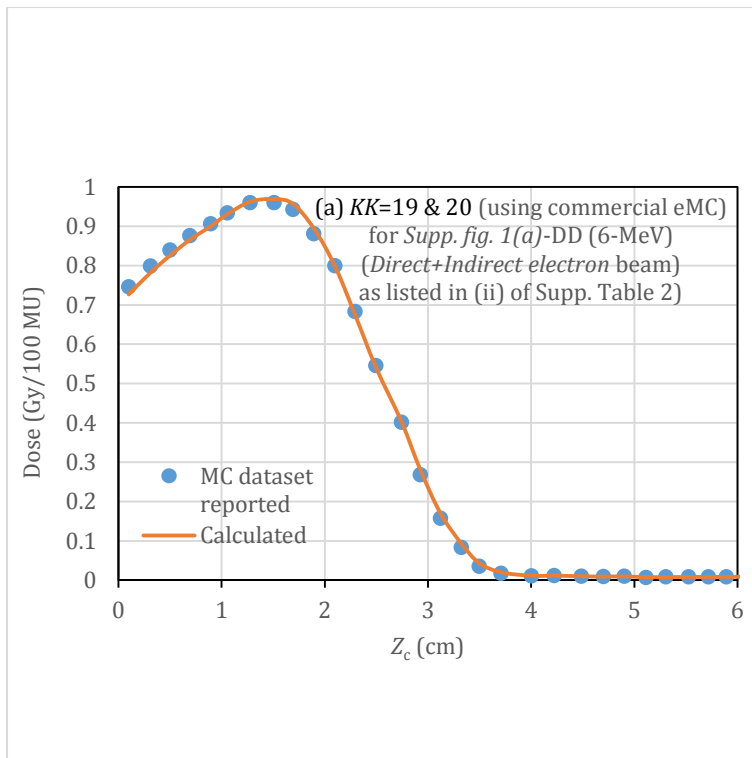


(b)

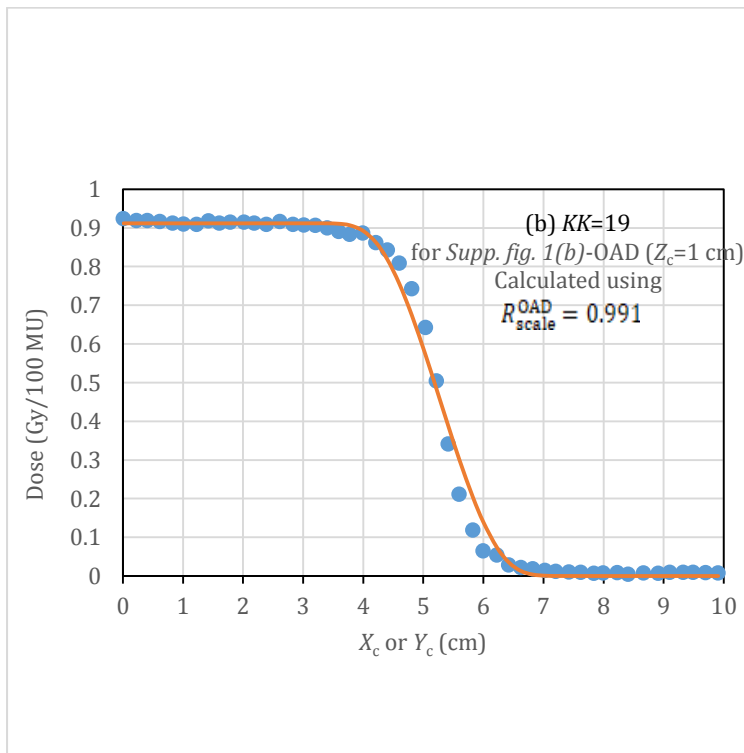


(c)

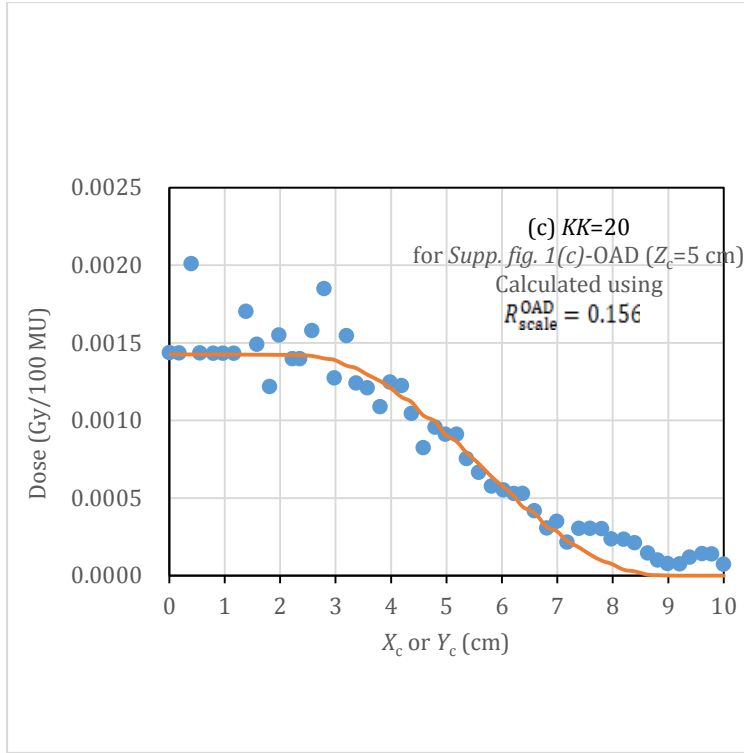
Supplementary Figure 21a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 3$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 15$ cm are illustrated for the 18-MeV *direct-plus-indirect electron* beam, indicating $KK=17$ and 18 listed in (i) of Supplementary Table 2. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 19.



(a)

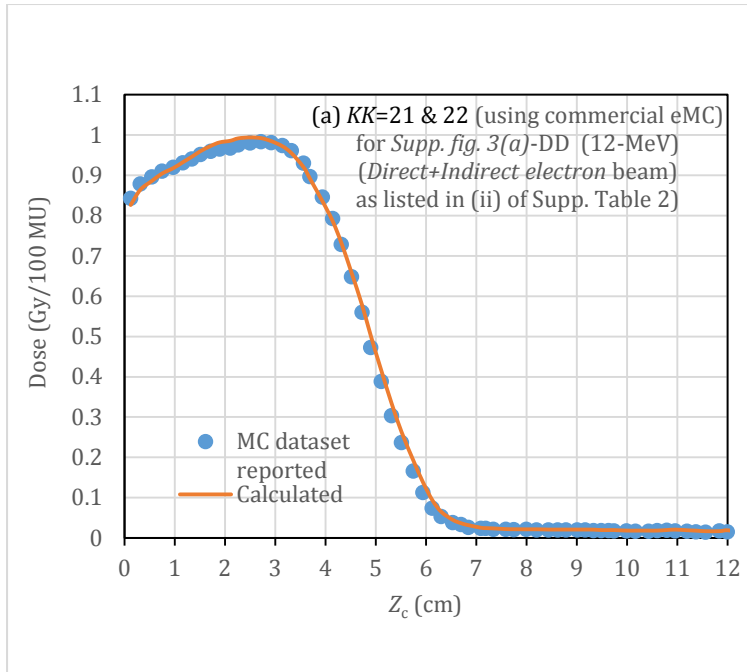


(b)

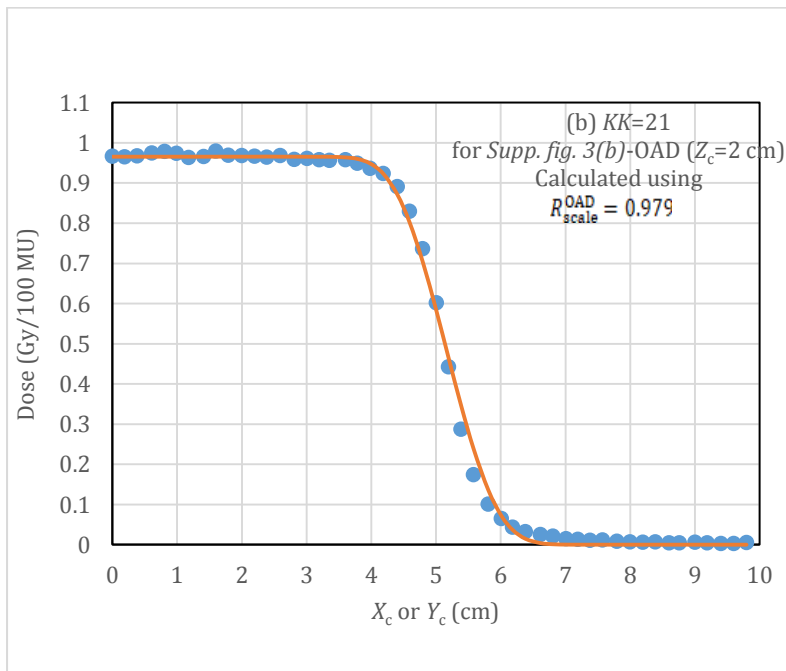


(c)

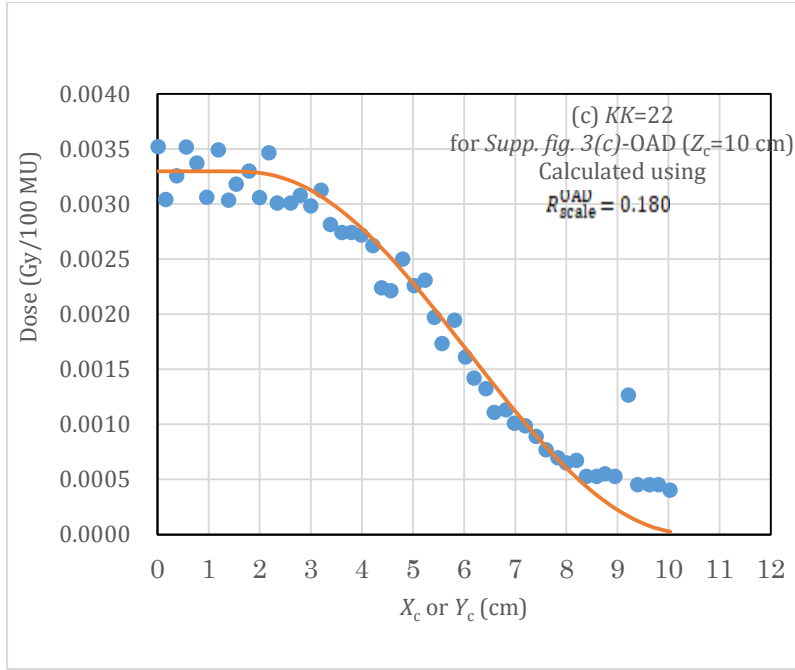
Supplementary Figure 22a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 1$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 5$ cm are illustrated for the 6-MeV *direct-plus-indirect electron* beam, indicating $KK=19$ and 20 listed in (ii) of Supplementary Table 2. Dots show the dose results of the commercial eMC; and lines, the calculated dose results.



(a)

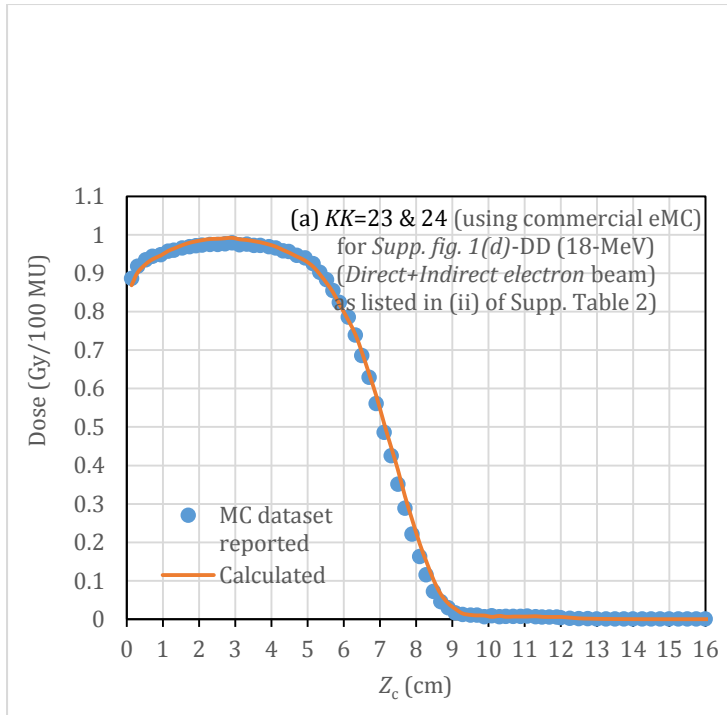


(b)

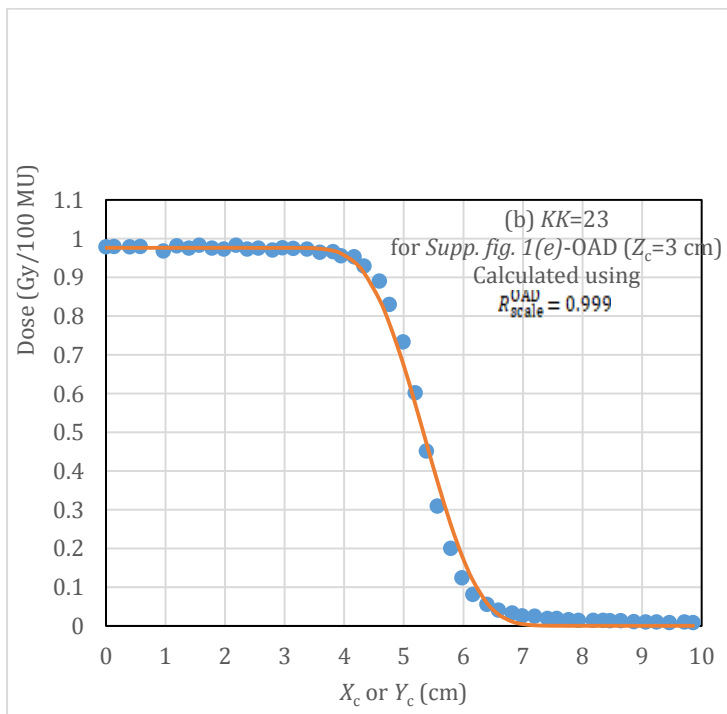


(c)

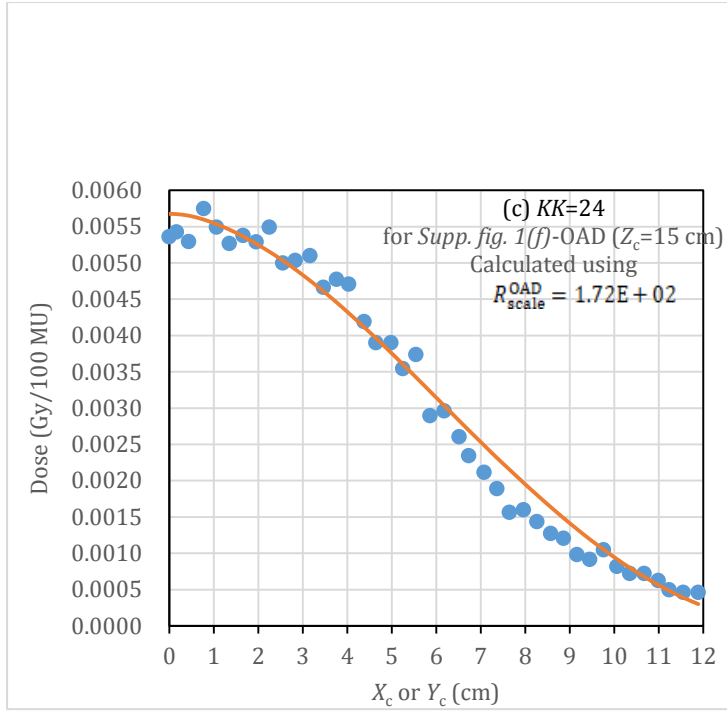
Supplementary Figure 23a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 2$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 10$ cm are illustrated for the 12-MeV *direct-plus-indirect electron* beam, indicating $KK=21$ and 22 listed in (ii) of Supplementary Table 2. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 22.



(a)



(b)



(c)

Supplementary Figure 24a-c One DD dataset in (a) and two OAD datasets on planes of (b) $Z_c = 3$ cm and (c) $Z_c = 15$ cm are illustrated for the 18-MeV *direct-plus-indirect electron* beam, indicating $KK=23$ and 24 listed in (ii) of Supplementary Table 2. Further details are the same as in Supp. Fig. 22.